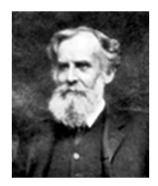
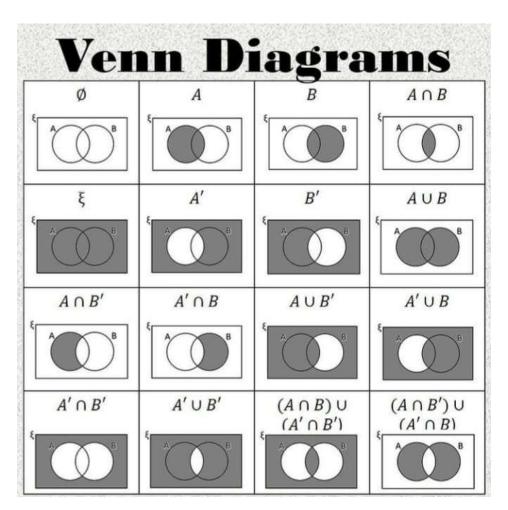
## **Venn Diagrams and More**

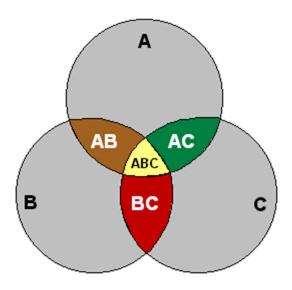


John Venn (1834-1923), British intellectual (mathematician, philosopher, logician, etc.)

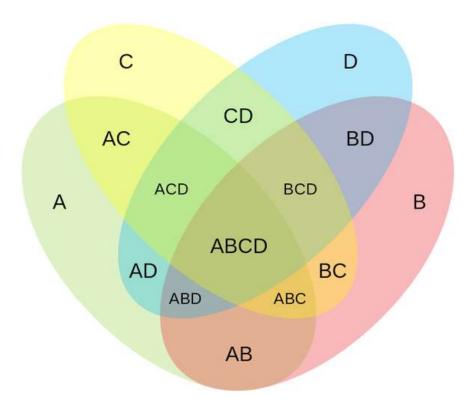


A boring collection of Venn diagrams for two sets

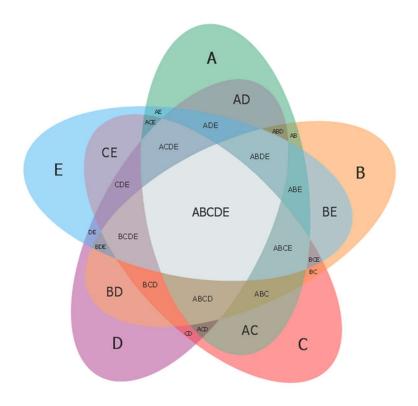
From Computer Desktop Encyclopedia @ 2004 The Computer Language Co. Inc.



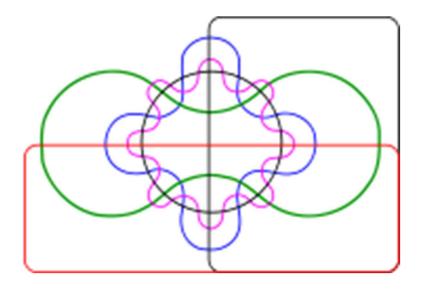
Venn diagram for three sets



Venn diagram for four sets

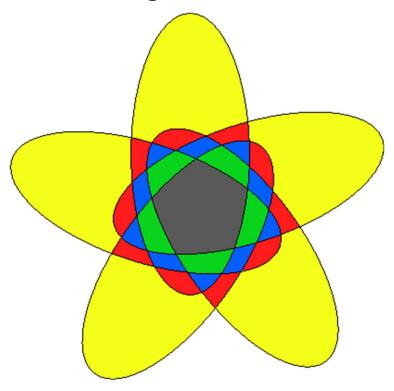


Venn diagram for five sets

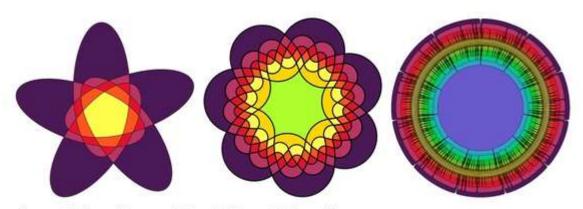


Venn diagram for six sets

## Venn diagrams as art work



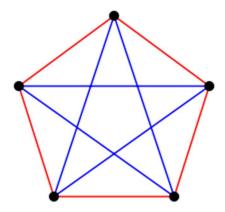
Five sets



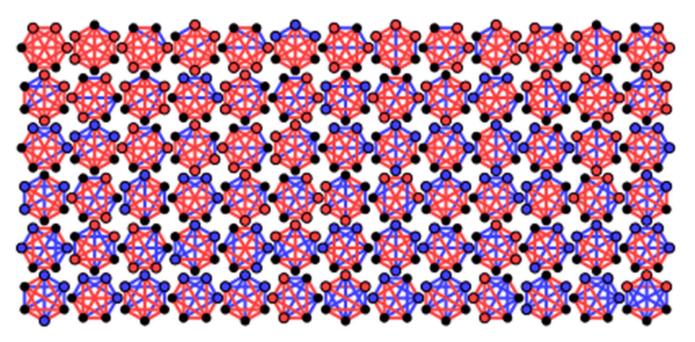
Symmetric Venn diagrams: (a) n = 5, (b) n = 7, (c) n = 11.

Prime number of sets (5,7,11)

## **Further directions: Complete graphs and Ramsey numbers**



No monochromatic triangle on five vertices



Always a monochromatic triangle on six vertices: R(3,3)=6



**Frank Plumpton Ramsey** (1903-1930), British philosopher, mathematician, and economist. R(r,b) is minimal number of vertices in a complete graph so that EVERY red-blue coloring of the edges gives a red clique on r vertices OR a blue clique on b vertices.

## Further directions: growth models from nature



Corner growth



Gaussian Free Field