December 14, 2009
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Name: $\qquad$

## Instructions:

- No books, notes, or calculators.
- You have 120 minutes to complete the exam.
- Show your work.

| Problem | Possible | Actual | Problem | Possible | Actual |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 20 |  | 6 | 20 |  |
| 2 | 20 |  | 7 | 20 |  |
| 3 | 20 |  | 8 | 20 |  |
| 4 | 20 |  | 9 | 20 |  |
| 5 | 20 |  | 10 | 20 |  |
| Total | 100 |  | Total | 100 |  |

Problem 1. A total of 10 identical gifts are to be distributed among 7 children. How many results are possible if every child is to receive at least one gift?

Problem 2. Suppose that $A$ and $B$ are independent events for which $P(A)=0.3$ and $P(B)=0.5$. What is the probability that either $A$ or $B$ occurs, but not both?

Problem 3. A population contains twice as many females as males. In this population, $5 \%$ of males and $0.25 \%$ of females are color-blind. A color-blind person is selected at random. Compute the probability that the person is male.

Problem 4. A fair coin is tossed 10 times. Let $X$ be the difference between the number of heads and the number of tails. Find (a) the possible values of $X$ (note: $X$ can be both positive and negative) (b) $P(X=0)$.

Problem 5. Let $X$ be a random variable with uniform distribution on [2,5]. Define the random variable $Y$ by $Y=\ln X$. Compute the probability density function of the random variable $Y$.

Problem 6. A man and a woman decide to meet at a certain location. The arrival time of the man is uniformly distributed between $12: 10 \mathrm{pm}$ and $12: 40 \mathrm{pm}$. The arrival time of the woman is uniformly distributed between 12 pm and 1 pm . The man and the woman arrive independently of each other. Compute the probability that the man arrives first.

Problem 7. For a randomly selected group of 100 people, compute the expected number of distinct birthdays (that is, the expected number of the days of the year that are a birthday of at least one person in the group).

Problem 8. A fair die is rolled until the total sum of all rolls exceeds 300. Compute approximately the probability that more than 80 rolls are necessary. Note that, for a single roll of the die, the expected value and variance of the outcome are $7 / 2$ and $35 / 12$, respectively. Use the continuity correction. Leave the answer in the form $P(\xi<r)$, where $\xi$ is a standard normal random variable and $r$ is a suitable real number.

Problem 9. Customers arrive at a bank at a Poisson rate $\lambda$. Suppose that two customers arrives during the first hour. Compute the probability that at least one arrived during the first 20 minutes.

Problem 10. Starting with a random number generator producing independent random variables that are uniform on $[0,1]$, describe a method of generating a random variable with the distribution function $F(x)=x^{10}, 0<x<1$.

