

**PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS QUALIFYING EXAM**  
**Spring 2023**

Partial credit will be awarded, but in the event that you can not fully solve a problem you should state clearly what it is you have done and what you have left out. Start each problem on a fresh sheet of paper and write on only one side of the paper.

1. Consider the equation

$$u_x^2(x, y) + 2u_y^2(x, y) = x^2 + 2y^2,$$

- (a) Find at least one classical solution to this equation in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $u(x, x) = x^2$ .  
(b) Is the problem from (a) uniquely solvable?

2. Let  $u$  be harmonic in the domain  $U = B(0, 4)$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

- (a) Show that if  $u$  is bounded then

$$\sup_{x \in U} (4 - |x|) |\nabla u(x)| < \infty;$$

- (b) Give an example of  $u$  that is harmonic in  $U$  and unbounded, but still satisfies the claim from (a).

3. Suppose  $u$  is a  $C^2$  function satisfying

$$\begin{cases} u_{tt} = \Delta u & \text{in } \mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^+, \\ u(x, 0) = g(x), \\ \partial_t u(x, 0) = h(x). \end{cases}$$

Fix  $T > 0$  and consider the set

$$K_T := \{(x, t) : 0 \leq t \leq T, |x| \leq T - t\}.$$

Prove that, if  $g(x) = h(x) = 0$  for all  $x \in B(0, T)$ , then  $u(x, t) = 0$  for all  $(x, t) \in K_T$ .

# PDE Screening exam Spring 2024

December 10, 2023

**Problem 1.** Find a classical solution  $u(x, y)$  of the equation

$$(\partial_x u)^2 - x^2 = (\partial_y u)^2 - y^2$$

in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  satisfying the boundary condition  $u(y, y) = y^2$ .

**Problem 2.** Let  $U$  be open and bounded in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Suppose  $u$  and  $\Delta u$  are continuous in  $U$ , and  $u$  satisfies that

$$\begin{cases} \Delta u = u^4 & \text{in } U, \\ u = 0 & \text{on } \partial U. \end{cases}$$

(1) If  $u \geq 0$  in  $\bar{U}$ , prove that  $u \equiv 0$ .

(2) If the condition  $u \geq 0$  in  $\bar{U}$  is absent, what can you say about  $u(x)$ ?

**Problem 3.** Let  $P, Q, R, S \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+$  be consecutive vertices of a rectangle with sides parallel to the lines  $x + t = 0$  and  $x - t = 0$ , respectively.

(1) Let  $u = u(x, t) \in C^2(\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+)$  be a solution to the wave equation in  $\mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R}^+$ , show that

$$u(P) + u(R) = u(Q) + u(S).$$

(2) Let  $\alpha, \beta : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be given functions. Find a solution to the wave equation in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  such that

$$u(t - 1, t) = \alpha(t), \quad u(5 - t, t) = \beta(t).$$

**PDE Screening Exam**  
**Fall 2024**

Partial credit will be awarded, but in the event that you can not fully solve a problem you should state clearly what it is you have done and what you have left out. Start each problem on a fresh sheet of paper and write on only one side of the paper.

1. Consider a linear transport equation ( $a > 0$ ) with drag ( $b > 0$ ):

$$u_t + au_x + bu = 0. \quad (1)$$

- (a) Find the solution  $u(t, x)$  to Eq. (1) for  $(t, x) \in \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}$  with the initial condition  $u(0, x) = f(x)$ .
- (b) Find the solution  $u(t, x)$  to Eq. (1) for  $(t, x) \in \mathbb{R}_+ \times \mathbb{R}_+$ , subject to the initial condition  $u(0, x) = f(x)$  and the boundary condition  $u(t, 0) = g(t)$ , where  $f(0) = g(0)$ .

2. Let  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  ( $n > 1$ ) be a bounded domain with smooth boundary. Assume that  $u \in C^2(\bar{\Omega})$  solves

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta u &= u^7 + 2u^5 + 3u \quad \text{in } \Omega, \\ u &= 0 \quad \text{on } \partial\Omega. \end{aligned}$$

Show that  $u$  is identically zero.

3. Let  $\Omega \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  ( $n > 1$ ) be a bounded domain with smooth boundary. Let  $u \in C^2([0, \infty) \times \bar{\Omega})$ , which solves the equation

$$u_{tt} - \Delta u = u$$

with the boundary condition  $u = 0$  on  $\partial\Omega$ . Let

$$E(t) = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\Omega} u_t^2(t, x) + |\nabla_x u(t, x)|^2 dx$$

Prove that there exists  $C > 0$  independent of  $t$  such that

$$E(t) \leq \exp(Ct)E(0) \quad \text{for } t \geq 0.$$