The exam has **four** problems. Each problem is worth 10 points. Do all four problems.

1. Show that, for every $a \in [-1, 1]$, the solution y = y(t) of the equation

$$y' = e^y - 1 - 2y_z$$

with initial condition y(0) = a, is defined for all t > 0 and satisfies $|y(t)| \le |a|$.

2. Consider the linear system

$$X'(t) = (A + \varepsilon B(t))X(t),$$

where the matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ is constant and symmetric, ε is a real number, and the entries of the matrix $B = B(t) \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ are bounded continuous functions of t for all $t \ge 0$. Denote by |X(t)| the Euclidean norm of the vector X(t).

Show that if all eigenvalues of A are strictly negative and $|\varepsilon|$ is sufficiently small, then all solutions of the system satisfy

$$\lim_{t \to +\infty} |X(t)| = 0$$

3. For the nonlinear system

$$\begin{cases} x' = -\mu x + xy^2 + x^3 \\ y' = -\mu y + x^2 y + y^3, \end{cases}$$

determine the type of bifurcation as μ increases from -1 to 1.

4. Let f = f(t) be a continuous periodic function with period 1. Consider the secondorder equation

$$y''(t) + f(t)y(t) = 0,$$

and let u = u(t) and v = v(t) be two solutions of the equation with initial conditions u(0) = v'(0) = 1, u'(0) = v(0) = 0. Show that if u(1) + v'(1) = 2, then the equation has a periodic solution with period 1.