

Last Name: _____ First Name: _____

1. Let (X_1, X_2) be standard bivariate normal random variables with correlation $\rho = \frac{3}{5}$. Let (Y_1, Y_2) denote the midterm exam score and final exam score of a randomly selected student in class. Assume

$$Y_1 = 80 + 3X_1, Y_2 = 75 + 2X_2.$$

If a student got 90 in the midterm exam,

a) what is the conditional expectation and conditional variance of his/her final exam score?

b) What is the conditional probability that he/she got more than 75 in the final exam?

2. Let $\{S_k\}_{k \geq 0}, S_0 = 0$, be a symmetric simple random walk. For an integer $n \geq 1$, let $\tau_n = \min\{k \geq 1 : S_k \notin (-n, n)\}$ be the first time k such that S_k leaves the region $(-n, n), n \geq 1$, where $\tau_n = \infty$ if there is no such k . Find the moment generating function of S_{τ_n} , $\mathbf{E}S_{\tau_n}$ and $\text{Var}(S_{\tau_n})$.

3. Let $\Theta_1, \Theta_2, \dots$ be a sequence of independent, identically distributed random variables with the uniform distribution on the interval $(0, 2\pi)$. For $n = 1, 2, \dots$ define

$$X_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \cos \Theta_k, Y_n = \sum_{k=1}^n \sin \Theta_k, \text{ and } R_n^2 = X_n^2 + Y_n^2.$$

Show that

a) there is a sequence of numbers a_n so that $(a_n X_n, a_n Y_n)$ has a limiting bivariate normal distribution as $n \rightarrow \infty$;

b) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \mathbf{P}(R_n^2 \geq n)$ exists.

