

1. (a) Consider an independent identically distributed sequence X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{n+1} taking values 0 or 1 with probability distribution

$$P\{X_i = 1\} = 1 - P\{X_i = 0\} = p.$$

Uniformly choose M fragments F_1, F_2, \dots, F_M of length 2 starting in the interval $[1, n]$, that is, $F_i = (X_{j_i}, X_{j_i+1})$ for some $1 \leq j_i \leq n$. Let $\mathbf{W} = (1, 1)$.

- Let $N_{\mathbf{W}}$ be the number of times the word \mathbf{W} occurs among the M fragments. Calculate $E(N_{\mathbf{W}})$.
- Calculate the probability $P(F_1 = \mathbf{W}, F_2 = \mathbf{W})$.
- Calculate $\text{Var}(N_{\mathbf{W}})$.

(Note: Due to time constraints, you can ignore the boundary effect.)

2. Let T and C be independent Geometric random variables with success probability of r and s , respectively. That is

$$P[T = j] = r(1-r)^{j-1}; j = 1, 2, \dots,$$

$$P[C = j] = s(1-s)^{j-1}; j = 1, 2, \dots,$$

Let $X = (\min(T, C), I(T \leq C))$. Denote $X_1 = \min(T, C)$, $X_2 = I(T \leq C)$, where $I(\cdot)$ is the indicator function.

- (a) What is the joint distribution of X ?
- (b) Calculate $EX = (EX_1, EX_2)$ and the covariance matrix of $X = (X_1, X_2)$.
- (c) Let T_1, T_2, \dots, T_n be a random sample from T , and C_1, C_2, \dots, C_n be a random sample from C . Define

$$S_1 = \sum_{i=1}^n \min(T_i, C_i)$$

$$S_2 = \sum_{i=1}^n I(T_i \leq C_i).$$

What is the maximum likelihood estimate (\hat{r}, \hat{s}) of (r, s) , in terms of S_1 and S_2 ?