Using Articles (a, an, the)

There are only two types of articles: the **indefinite articles** “a” and “an,” and the **definite article** “the,” yet article usage is one of the most difficult aspects of English grammar for non-native writers to master. Choosing which type to use is challenging because article rules are complex, and depends on information that sometimes cannot be found within the sentence itself, but in the context of the sentence in the piece you are writing.

**The Definite Article**

The definite article “the” is used when both the writer and the reader know the specific person, place, or thing(s) being referred to. When using the definite article, the context of the sentence in question will contain information already shared in an earlier part of the piece. For example, when we read the sentence, “I really enjoyed the book,” we can infer that the specific details of the book have already been mentioned in a previous sentence.

**Indefinite Articles: “A” and “An”**

Indefinite articles are used when referring to a non-specific person, place or thing that can be counted. These articles are used when the reader does not know the specific details of the noun being discussed in the sentence. For example, if a sentence reads “I’d like to read a book this afternoon,” we can infer that the writer is referring to any book, not a specific book. If the noun in the sentence is non-specific and countable, we use *a* if the word begins with a consonant, and *an* if the word begins with a vowel.

**No Article Required: Proper Nouns, Plural Nouns, and Non-Count Nouns.**

**Proper nouns** name specific people, places, or things, and these nouns are capitalized. These nouns do not take articles, because of their level of specificity. Examples of proper nouns include people’s names, names of cities and states, and names of companies.

**Plural nouns** very often do not require an article, for example if you are writing about birds, it is acceptable to simply write “I have always enjoyed the sound of birds chirping.” (However, if you had discussed a specific group of birds earlier in the piece, you would use the definite article “the” to convey to your readers that these were the same birds. For example, “A family of bluebirds lived outside my window. The birds chirped happily that morning.”)

**Non-count nouns** are words that describe substances or concepts that cannot be divided into separate pieces or counted individually. Examples include words like: water, information, honesty, power. All of these words can not be quantified, and thus do not require an article. To better understand this concept, consider the word dollar and the word money. While both describe the same thing, we could write “I wanted a dollar” but not “I wanted a money,” because only dollars can be counted individually.
Which article to use?
Ask yourself, “Is the noun specific?”

Specific Noun?
For specific nouns (the speaker and audience know the specific things referred to), use the definite article “the” (or in some cases, no article).

Example: “They went to see the movie I recommended.”

Ask yourself, is the specific noun a proper noun or non-proper noun?

Non-specific Noun?
For non-specific nouns (a general thing, or type of thing, or a member of a group), use the indefinite articles “a” or “an” (or, in some cases, no article).

Example: “I want to see a movie.”

Ask yourself, “Is the non-specific noun a count noun or non-count?”

Proper Noun?
For proper nouns (such as a person’s name or country), no article is required.

Example: “I visited France.”

Non-count Noun?
For non-count nouns (something which cannot be counted, like a liquid or a quality), an article is not required.

Example: “The plants need water.”

Non-proper Noun?
Whether singular or plural, the correct article to use with a specific, non-proper noun is “the”.

Example: “Don’t swim in the lake alone.”

Count Noun?
For count nouns (words that denote countable things, like “bicycle” or “islands”), ask yourself, “Is the count noun singular or plural?”

Singular Noun?
For singular count nouns, ask yourself, “Does the noun begin with a vowel?”

Noun starts with a vowel?
For singular count nouns that begin with a vowel, “an” is the correct article.

Example: “I ate an apple.”

Noun starts with a consonant?
For singular count nouns that begin with a consonant, “a” is the correct article.

Example: “Let’s order a pizza.”

Plural Noun?
For plural count nouns, no article is required.

Example: “Tomorrow we should ride our bikes.”