

Orange County CoSMoS Results

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U.S. Department of the Interior
U.S. Geological Survey



*Huntington Beach Pier, January 1983
(H. Lorren Au Jr., Orange County Register)*

Support for CoSMoS SoCal

- State Coastal Conservancy



- City of Imperial Beach



IMPERIAL BEACH
California

- Tijuana River National Estuarine Research Reserve



- California Department of Fish & Wildlife



California Department of
Fish and Wildlife

- California's Fourth Climate Change Assessment (California Natural Resources Agency)



Projections for Southern California

SLR for Los Angeles (NRC, 2012)

- 28 cm of sea level rise by 2050 (range 13-61 cm)
- 93 cm of sea level rise by 2100 (range 44-167 cm)
- includes global and regional effects (e.g., wind and circulation patterns, sea level fingerprint, glacial isostatic adjustment, tectonics)

Storms for Southern California (Bromirski et al., 2012; Erikson et al., 2015)

- No significant changes in wave height
- Extreme events approach from ~10-15 degrees further south

El Niño for 21st Century (Cai et al., 2015, Barnard et al., 2015)

- More frequent extreme events
- Doubling of winter erosion
- Wave energy increase by 30%

Orange County 21st Century Vulnerability (Pacific Institute, 2009)

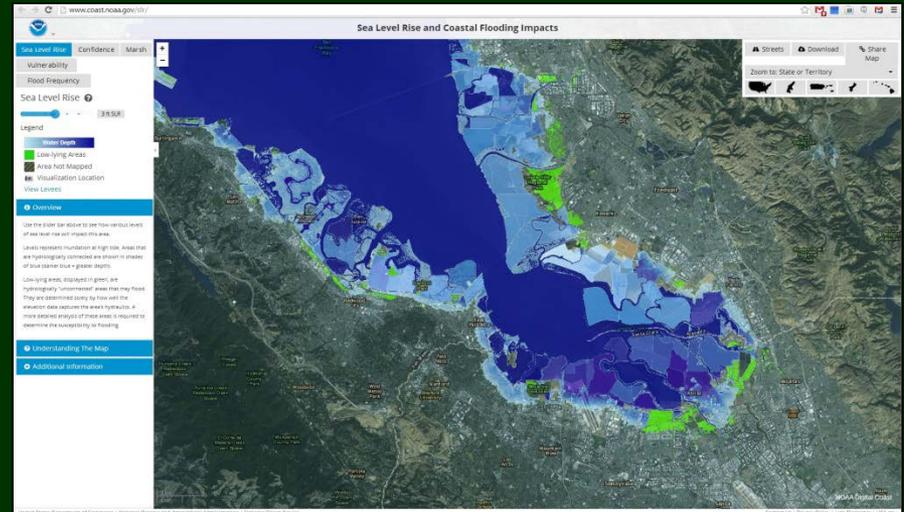
- 110,000 people at risk
- \$17 billion in property



Coastal Vulnerability Approaches

• STATIC: NOAA SLR Viewer

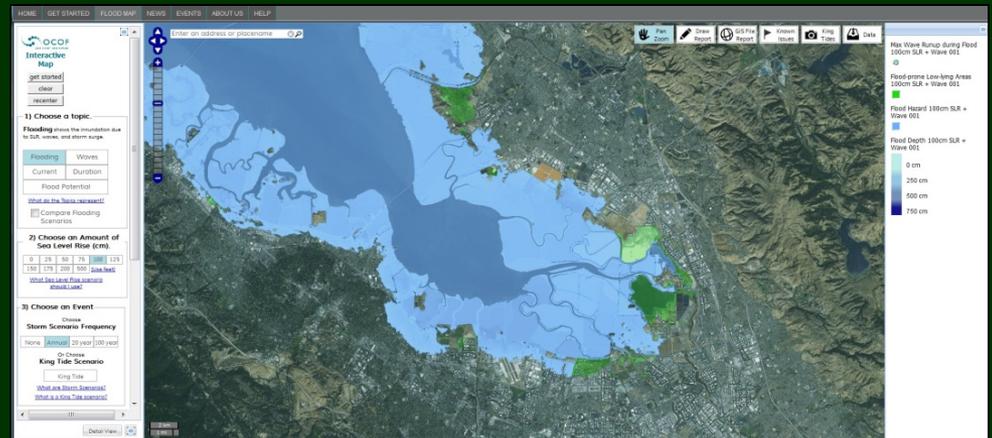
- Passive model, hydrological connectivity
- Tides only (MHHW)
- Excellent elevation data, datum control
- Wetland migration model, socioeconomic impacts
- ‘1st order screening tool’



<http://www.coast.noaa.gov/slr/>

• DYNAMIC: CoSMoS

- GCM ensemble forcing
- Includes wind, waves, sediment transport, fluvial discharge, and vertical land movement rates
- Range of SLR and storm scenarios
- Flooding extent explicitly modeled, hydrological connectivity



Our Coast Our Future: www.prbo.org/ocof

CoSMoS: A Tool for Coastal Resilience

- Physics-based numerical modeling system for assessing coastal hazards due to climate change
- Predicts coastal hazards for the full range of sea level rise (0-2, 5 m) and storm possibilities (up to 100 yr storm) using sophisticated global climate and ocean modeling tools
- Developing coastal vulnerability tools in collaboration with federal, state, and city governments to meet their planning and adaptation needs
- Emphasis on directly supporting federal and state-supported climate change guidance (e.g., Coastal Commission) and vulnerability assessments (e.g., LCP updates, OPC/Coastal Conservancy grants)

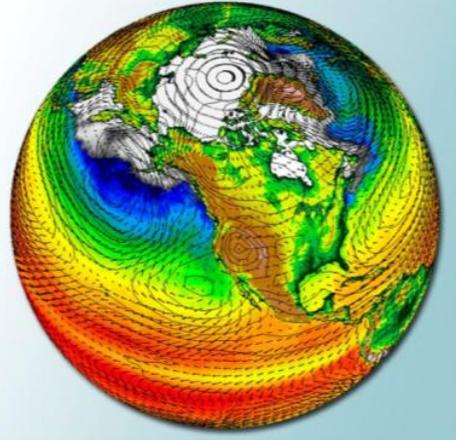


Sunset Beach, Allan J. Schaben

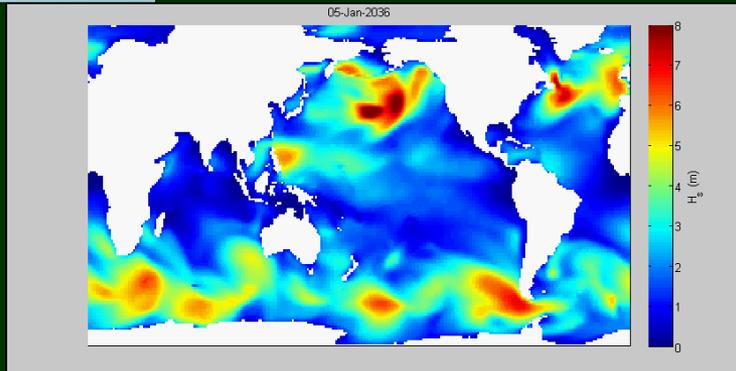
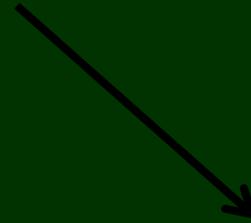


Sunset Beach, Mark Rightmire

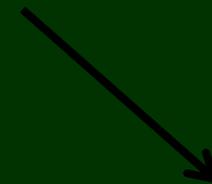
Identifying Future Risk with CoSMoS



1. Global forcing using the latest climate models



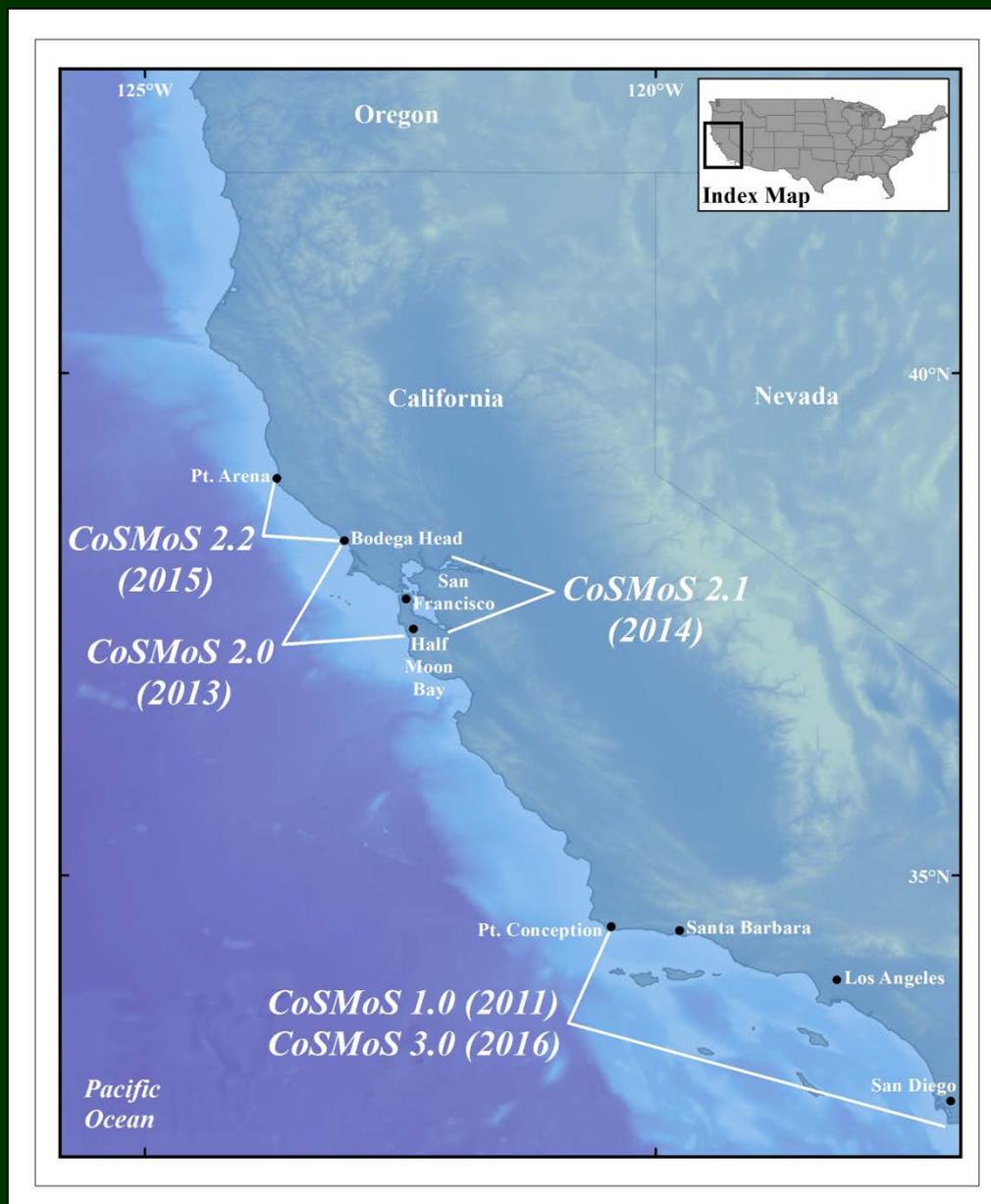
2. Drives global and regional wind/wave models



3. Scaled down to local hazards projections



CoSMoS Version Summary



CoSMoS Version Summary

CoSMoS 1.0

- So Cal, 470 km coastline (Pt. Conception -> Mexico border)
- Historical storms, 2 SLRs
- Global & regional parts continue to run operationally

CoSMoS 2.0

- North-Central CA coast, 170 km, (Bodega Head to Half Moon Bay)
- 21st century winds & waves
- High resolution grids of lagoons and protected areas
- Annual, 1 yr, 20 yr, 100 yr storm events in combination with SLR 0 m to 5 m at 0.25 m increments +5 m
- Web-based tool

CoSMoS 2.1

- San Francisco Bay
- Spatial- & time-downscaled climate scenario winds
- Fluvial discharges
- Vertical land motion
- Marsh accretion

CoSMoS 2.0- CenCal/NorCal

HOME | OUR PROJECT | INTERACTIVE TOOLS | NEWS | EVENTS | ABOUT US | HELP

OCOF OUR COAST OUR FUTURE
Interactive Map

get started
clear
recenter

1) Choose a topic.
Flooding shows the extent of flooding due to SLR, waves, and storm surge.
Waves
Current
Uncertainty
[What do the Topics represent?](#)

2) Choose a Sea Level Rise (cm) level.
0 25 50 75 100 125
150 175 200 500
[What Sea Level Rise scenario should I use?](#)

3) Choose a storm scenario frequency
None Annual 20 year 100 year

4) Choose other layers to view with topic data.
 Placenames
 Land Use
 Protected Areas
 Rivers & Streams
 Cliff and Shoreline Retreat
 Shorebirds
 Coastal Armoring
 Roads and Transportation
 Trails
 Buildings
 Utilities & Services

Opacity

Detail View

Pan Zoom Draw Report GIS File Report Data

Highlights of CoSMoS 3.0

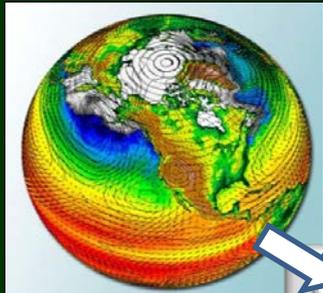
- Multi-agency collaboration featuring top coastal and climate scientists from Scripps, Oregon State University, private sector, and USGS
- Long-term coastal evolution modeled, including sandy beaches and cliffs
- Downscaled winds from GCMs to get locally-generated seas and surge
- Discharge from rivers for event response
- 100 yr storm events in combination with SLR 0 m to 1.5 m in 0.5 m increments delivered Fall 2015



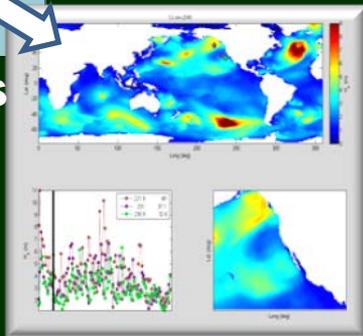
CoSMoS 3.0 Southern California

Global

Global conditions of future climate scenarios



GCM winds



WW3 wave model

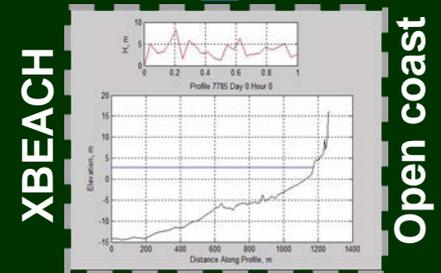
Regional

Tides, water levels, and regional forcing



Local

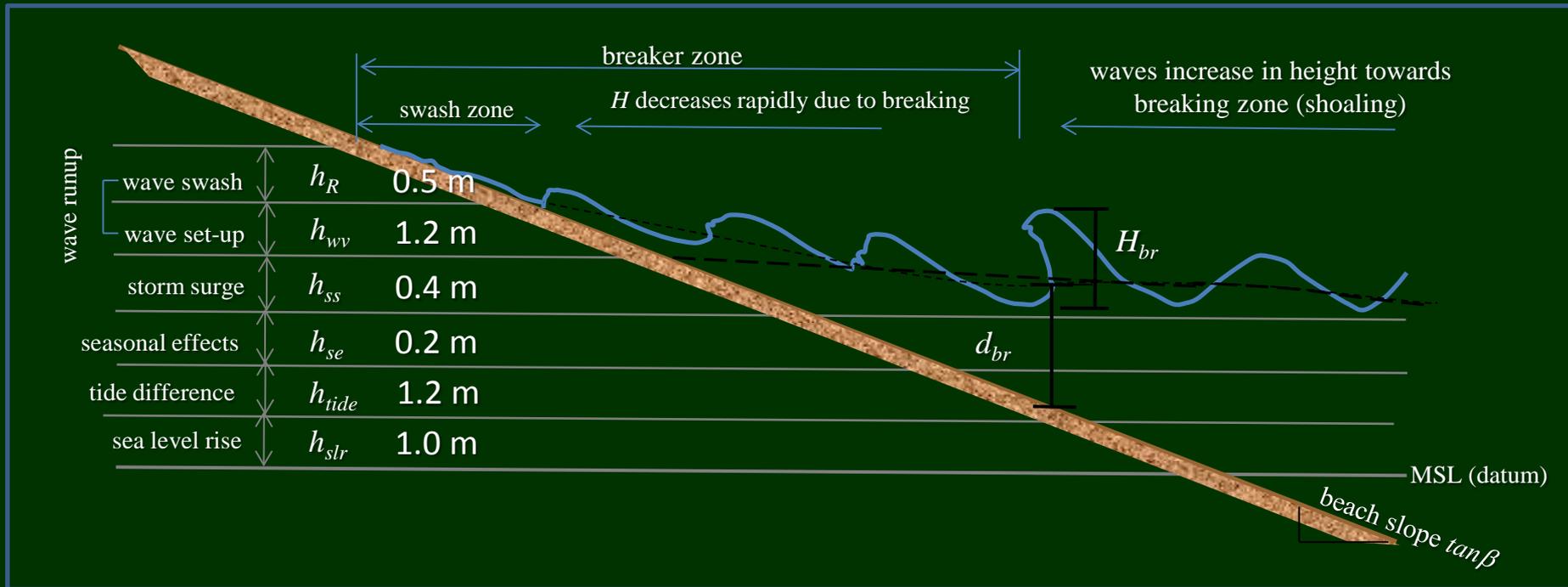
High resolution hydrodynamics and



Fluvial discharge
VLM
Coastal change

results
projected onto
hi-res DEM

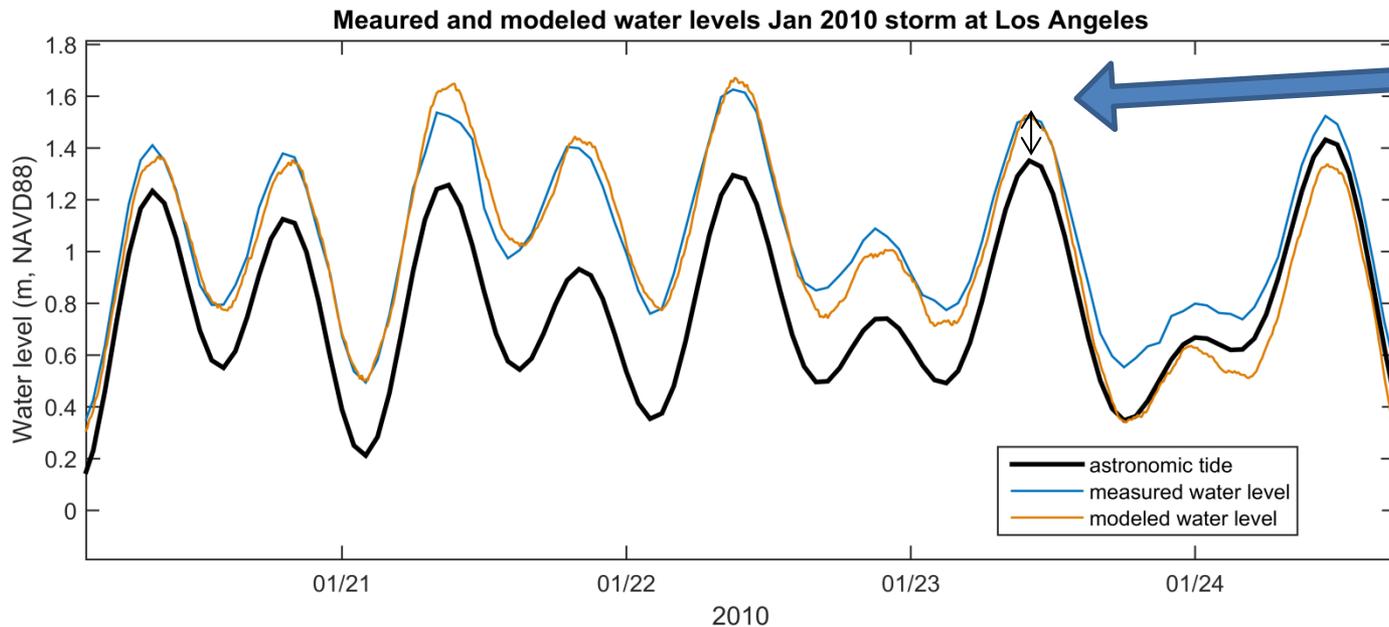
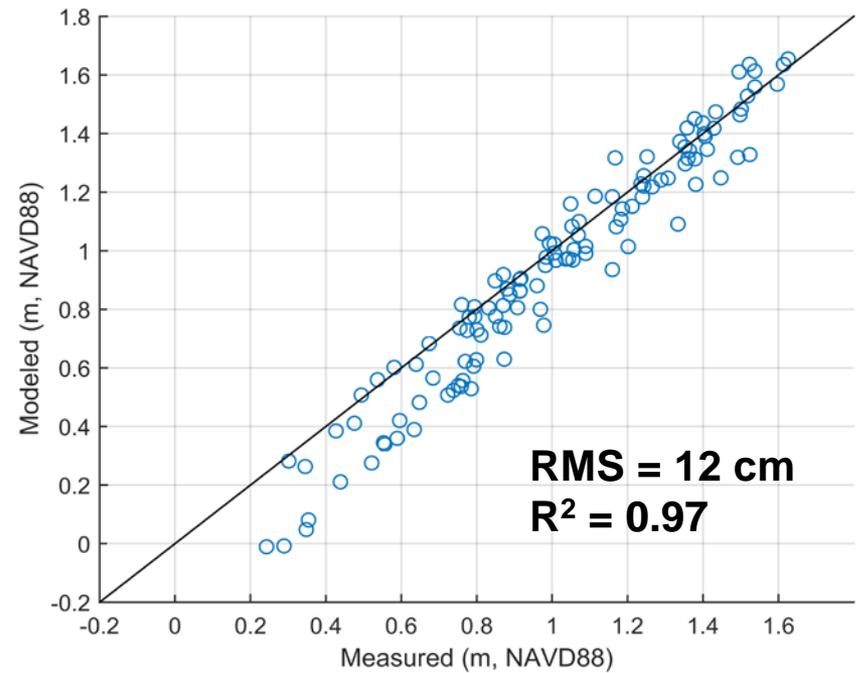
Overview of Processes Included in CoSMoS



*flood level is the combination of
 $rSLR + tides + seasonal\ effects + storm\ surge + wave\ setup + wave\ runup$
 $+ fluvial\ discharge\ backflow$*

CoSMoS validated with January 2010 Storm

Los Angeles tide gauge

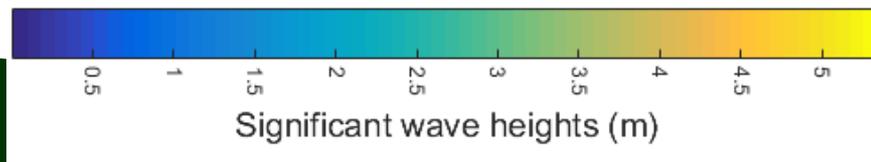
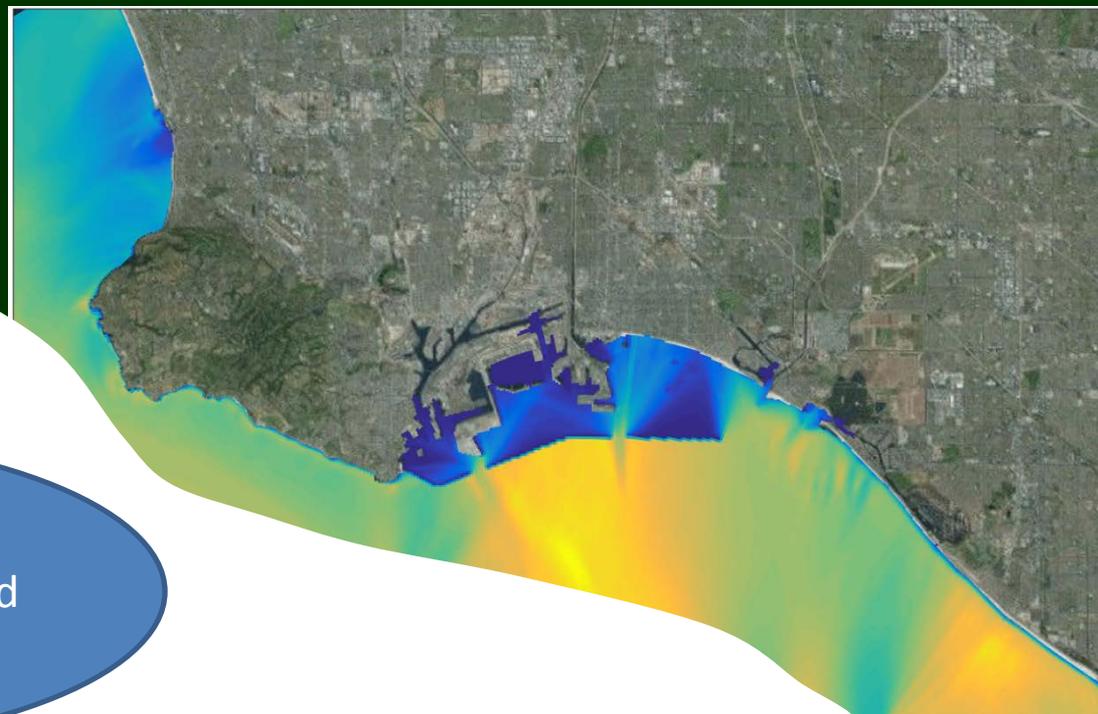


Predicted and
observed/modeled
water levels differ
by 6 to 52 cm

Products- Wave and Currents

- Delft3D model results from all local SWAN and FLOW runs are used to...

To generate maps of maximum wave heights and maximum currents



Products- Flood Maps

- Delft3D model results from high resolution grids (inlets, harbors, etc.)
- Combined with open coast XBeach results
- Overlain and differenced from the 2 m resolution DEM

High resolution model results



XBeach results along open coast



Flood map

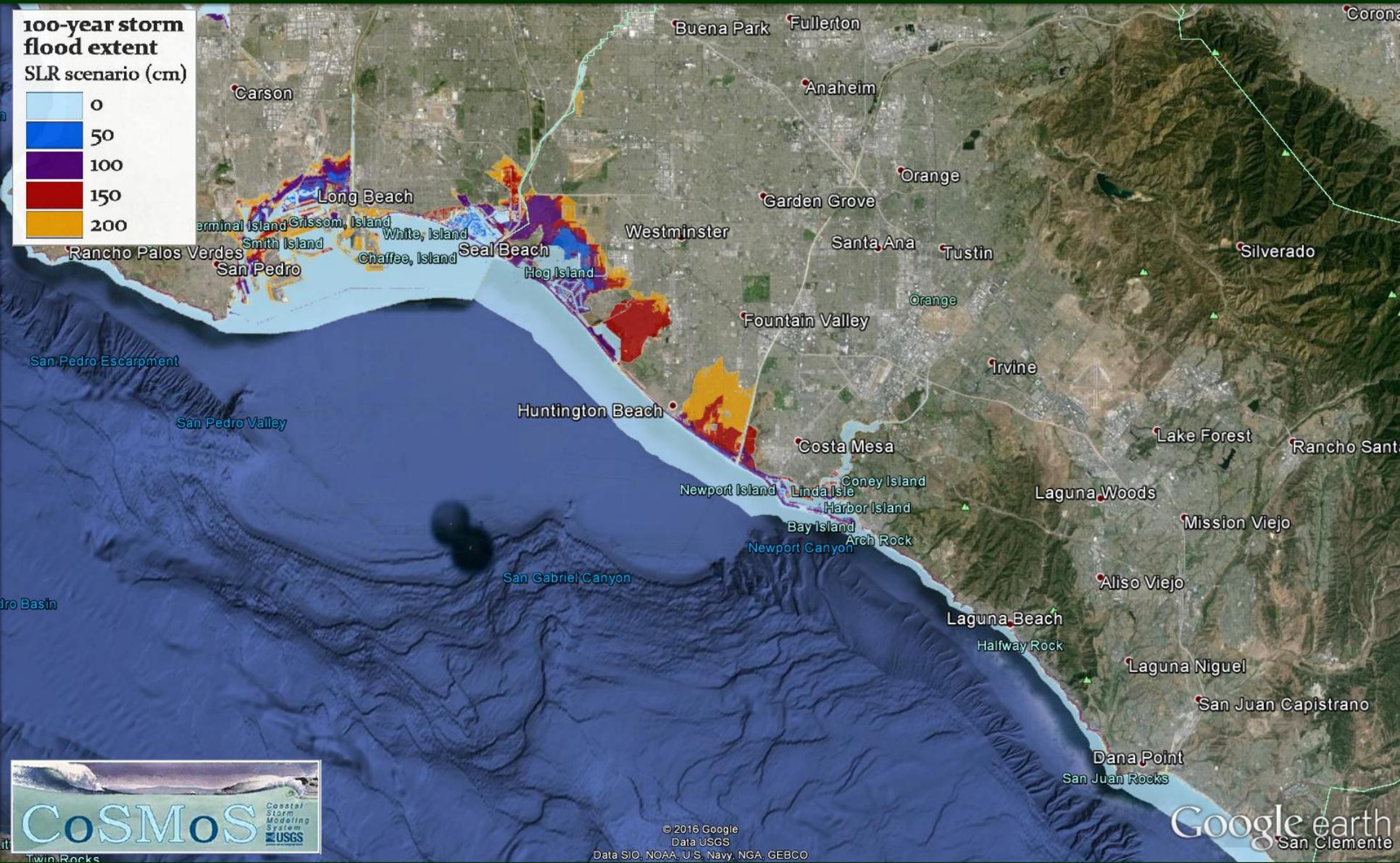


To generate maps of flood extents, duration, and depth

CoSMoS Fall 2015 Product Release

- 5 scenarios, 100 year storm + 0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5 and 2.0 m SLR
- Available now: KMZs and shapefiles of flood extent, shoreline projections and cliff retreat
- Next summer: all 40 scenarios, integrated coastal change with coastal flooding
 - Coastal hazards data served up in Our Coast Our Future web tool
 - Socioeconomic data served up in USGS web tool

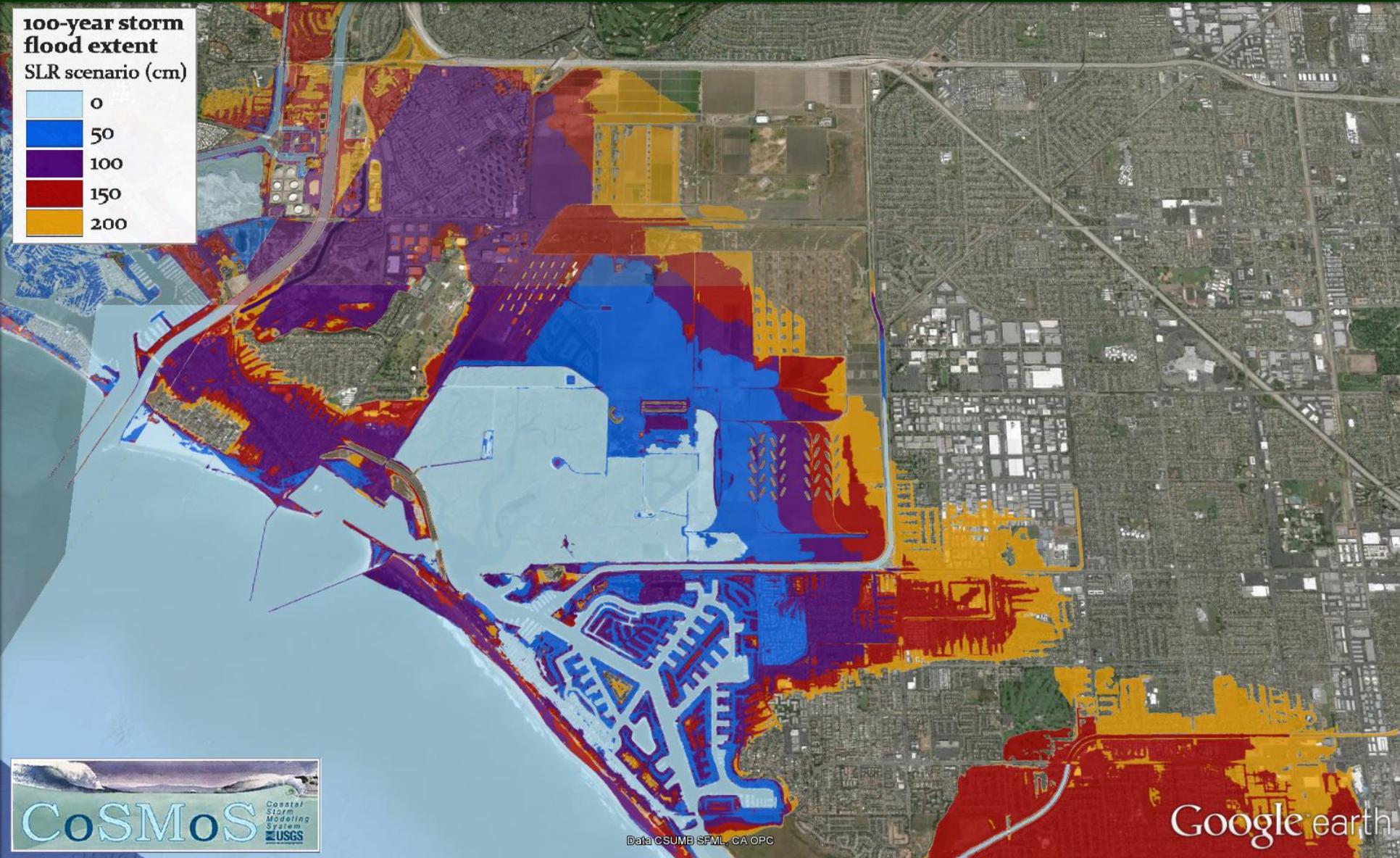
Flooding – Orange County Overview



http://walrus.wr.usgs.gov/coastal_processes/cosmos/socal3.0/index.html

Flooding – Seal Beach/ Sunset Beach

100-year storm
flood extent
SLR scenario (cm)

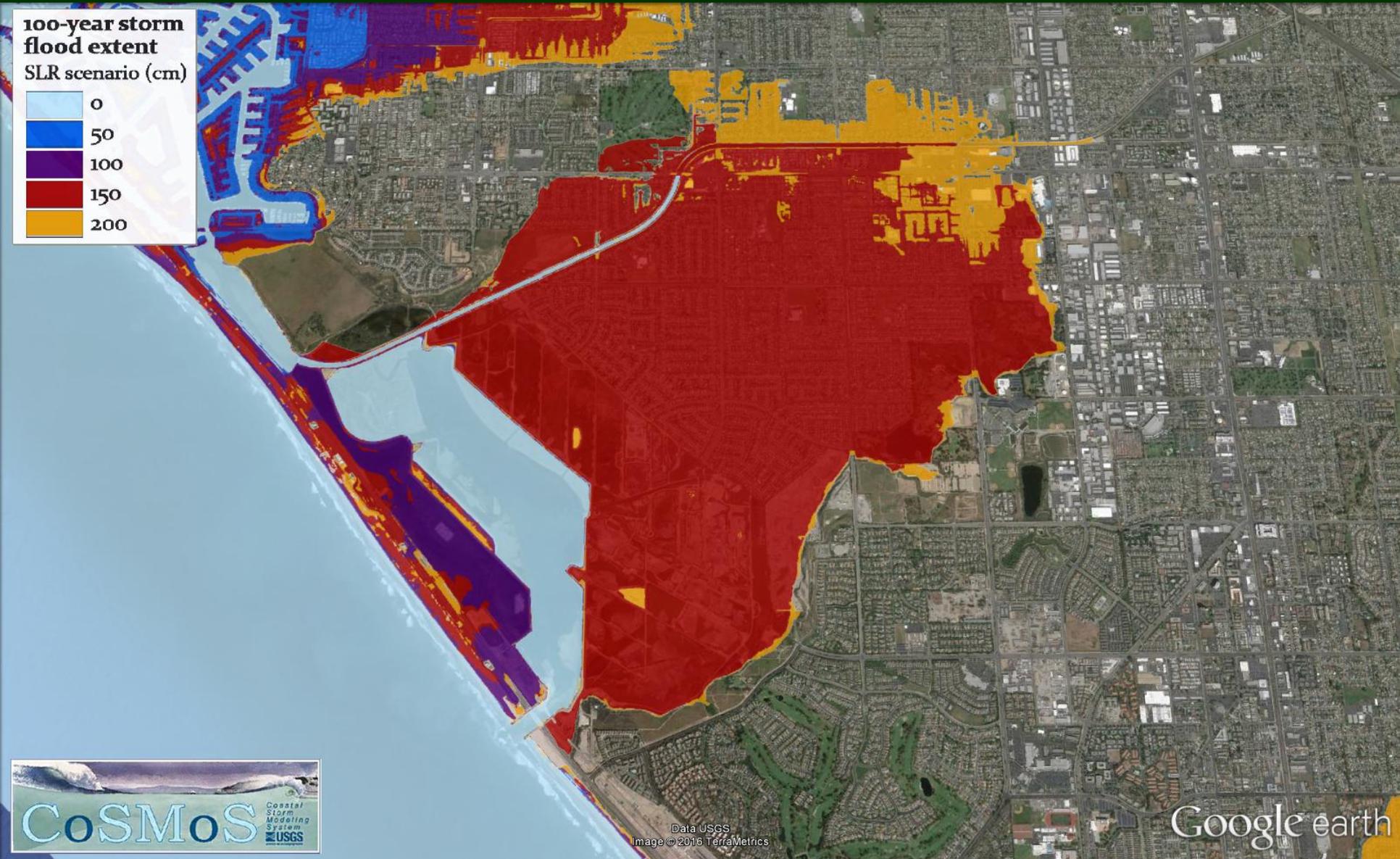


Data CSUMB SFML, CA OPC

Google earth

Flooding – Bolsa Chica

100-year storm
flood extent
SLR scenario (cm)

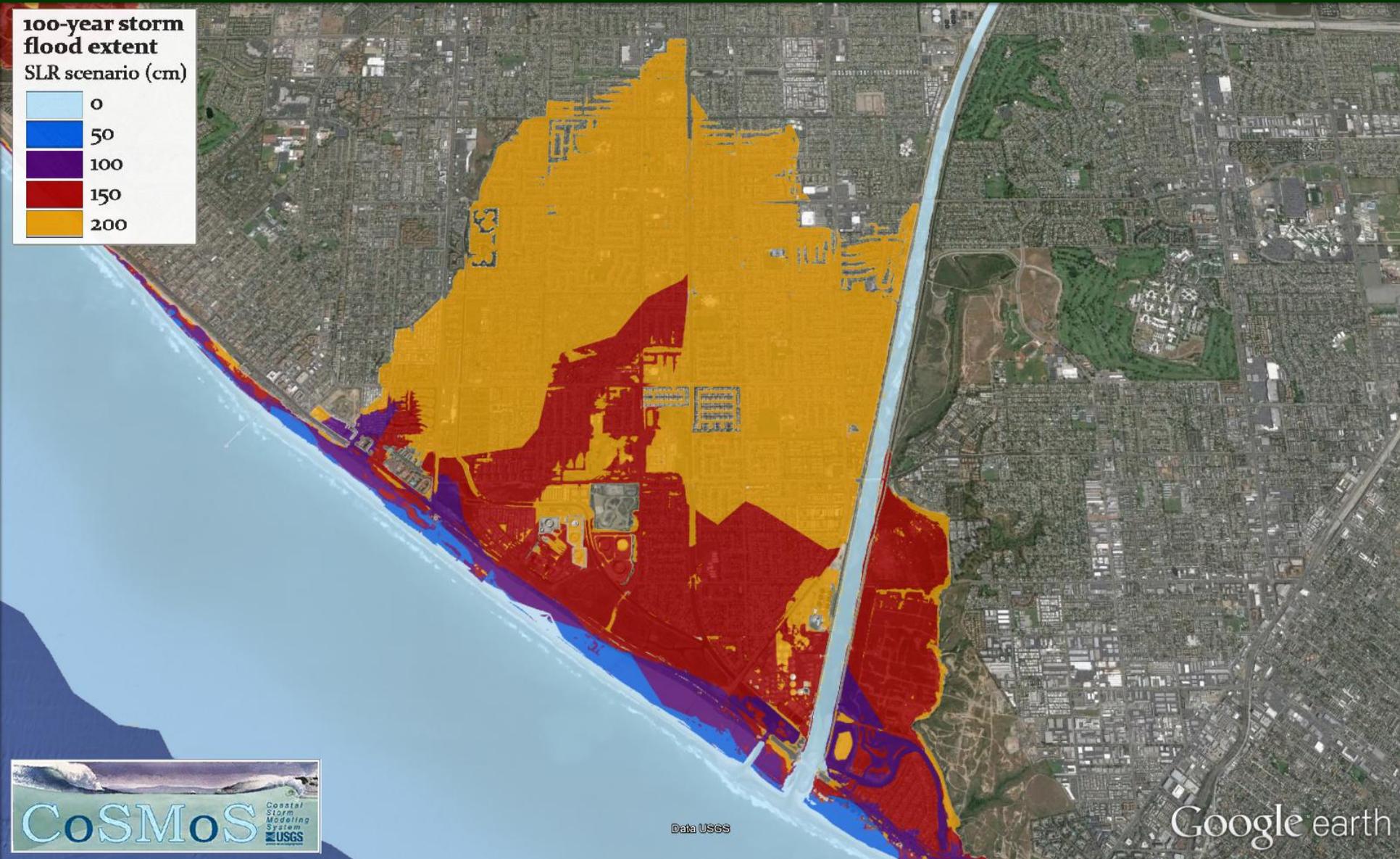


Data USGS
Image © 2016 TerraMetrics

Google earth

Flooding – Huntington Beach

100-year storm
flood extent
SLR scenario (cm)



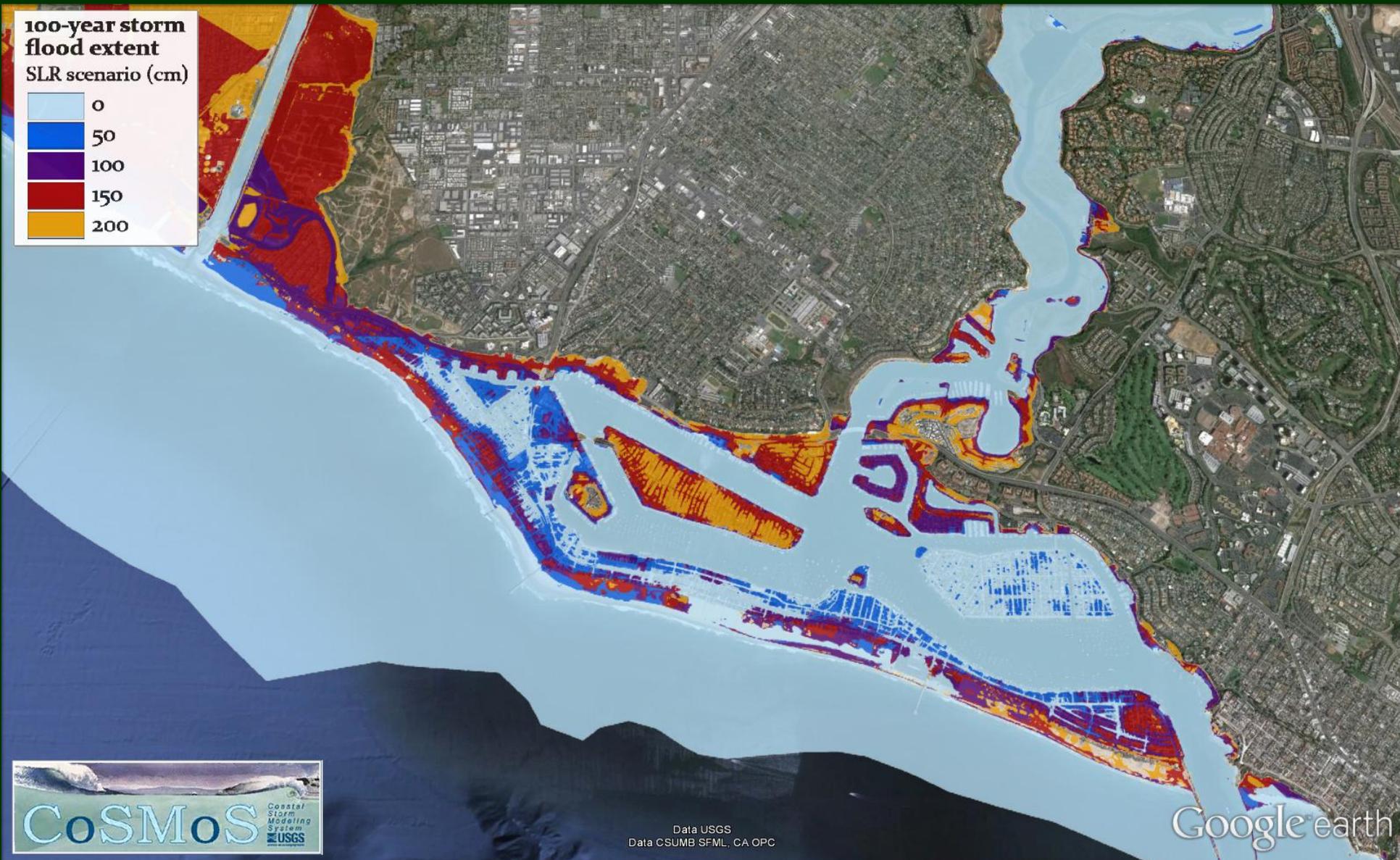
Data USGS

Google earth

Flooding – Newport Beach

100-year storm
flood extent

SLR scenario (cm)

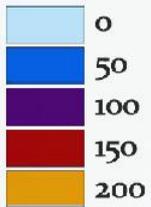


Data USGS
Data CSUMB SFML, CA OPC

Google earth

Flooding – Corona del Mar

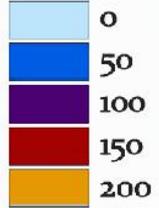
100-year storm
flood extent
SLR scenario (cm)



Google earth

Flooding – Laguna

100-year storm
flood extent
SLR scenario (cm)



Data CSUMB SFML, CA OPC

Google earth

Flooding – Dana Point

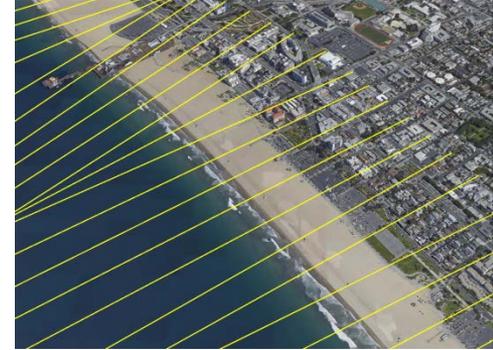
**100-year storm
flood extent**
SLR scenario (cm)

Light Blue	0
Blue	50
Purple	100
Red	150
Yellow	200



CoSMoS-COAST: Coastal One-line Assimilated Simulation Tool

- A (hybrid) numerical model to simulate long-term shoreline evolution
 - coastline is represented by shore-perpendicular transects:
- Two current assumptions: hold the line at urban interface and projection of historical rates
- Modeled processes include:
 - Longshore sediment transport
 - Cross-shore sediment transport
 - Effects of sea-level rise
 - Sediment supply by natural & anthropogenic sources
- Synthesized from models in scientific literature (with several improvements):
 - Longshore transport: Pelnard-Considerere 1956, Larson et al. 1997, Vitousek & Barnard 2015
 - Equilibrium shoreline change models: Miller & Dean 2004, Yates et al. 2009, Long & Plant 2012
 - Cross-shore transport due to sea-level rise: Bruun 1954, Davidson-Arnot 2005, Anderson et al. 2015
- Uses data assimilation (Extended Kalman Filter) to improve model skill

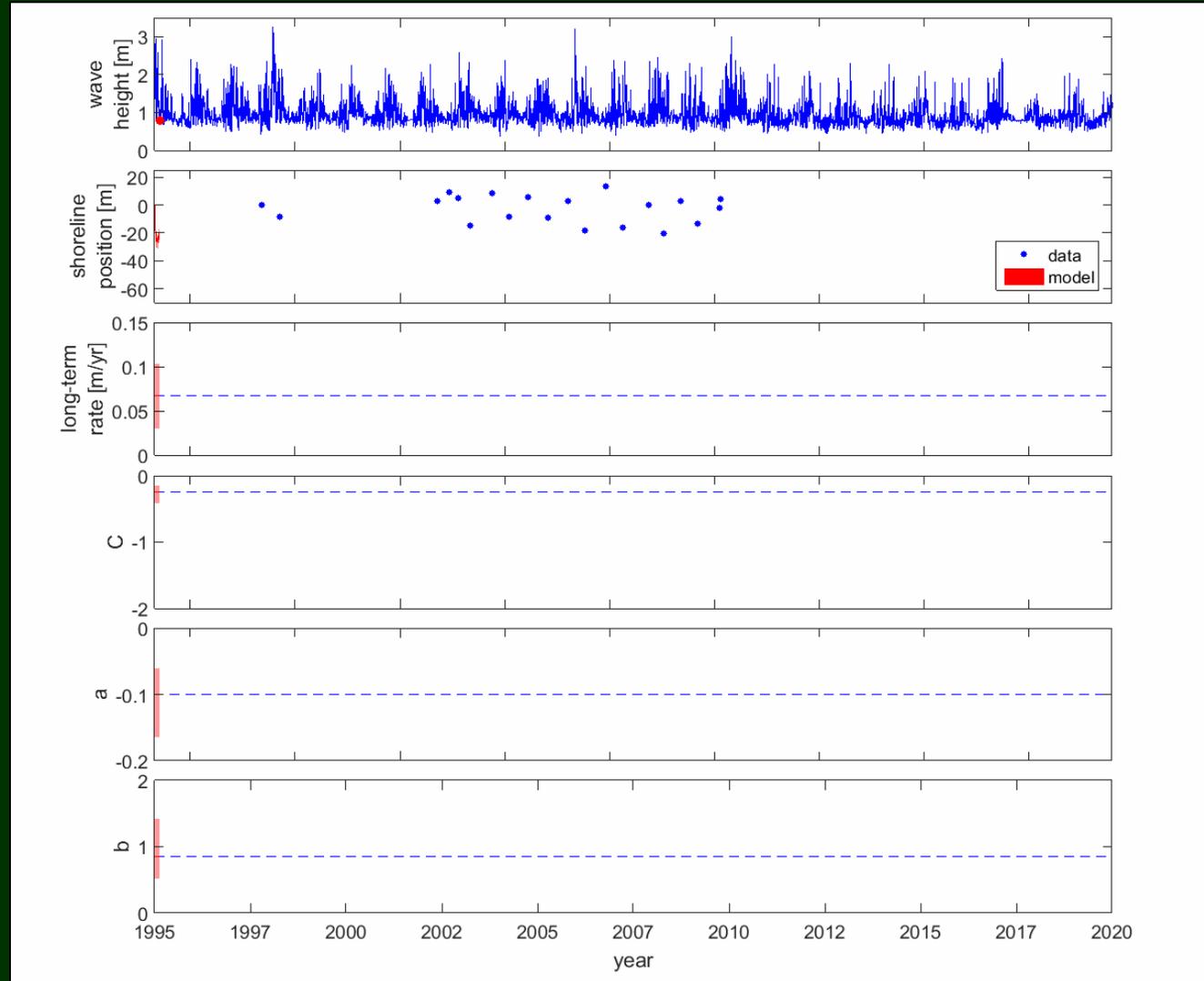


Data Assimilation

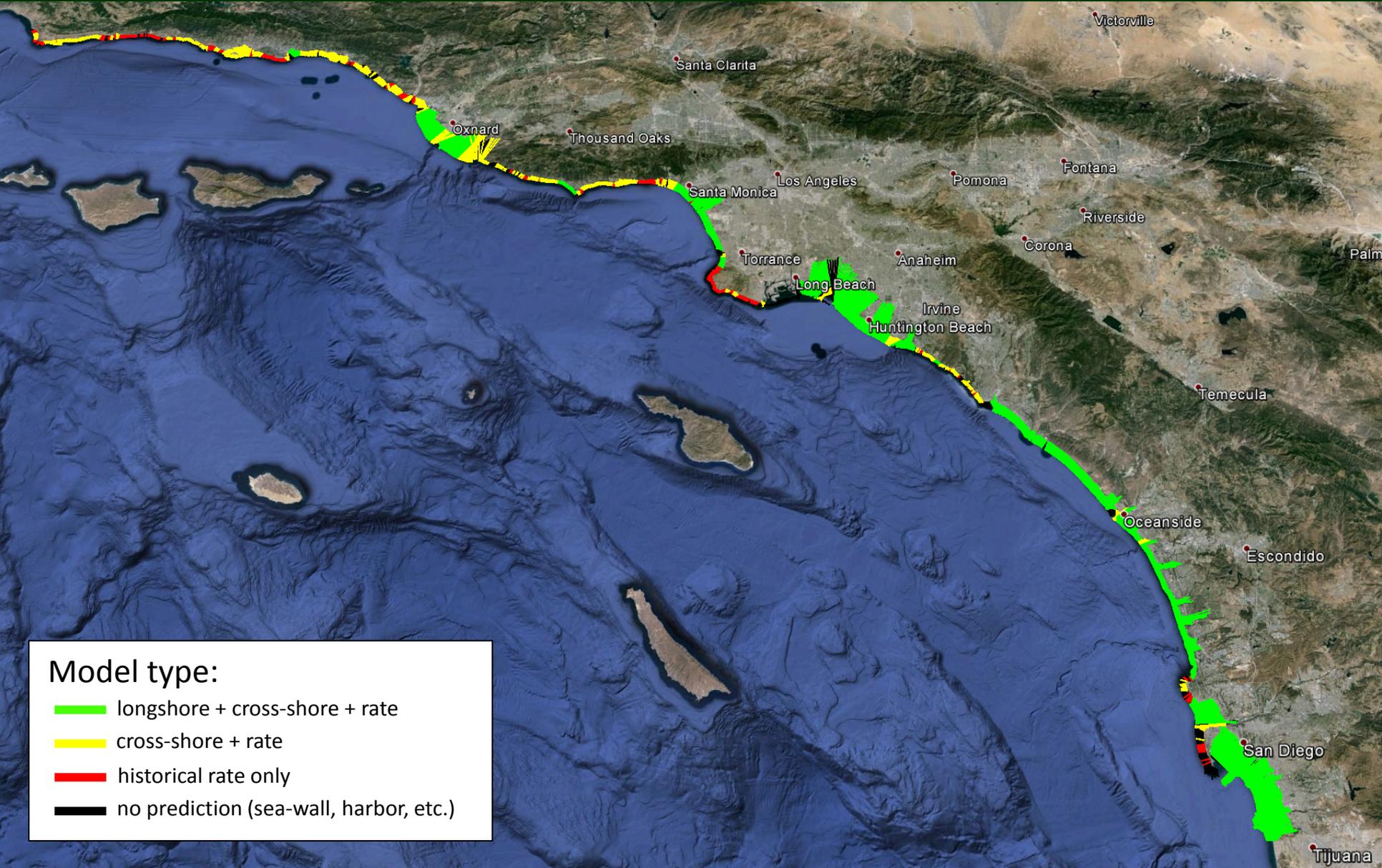
We use the *extended Kalman filter method* of Long & Plant 2012

- Auto-tunes model parameters for each transect to best fit the historical shoreline data
- We improved the method to handle sparse shoreline data and ensure that parameters are positive or negative.

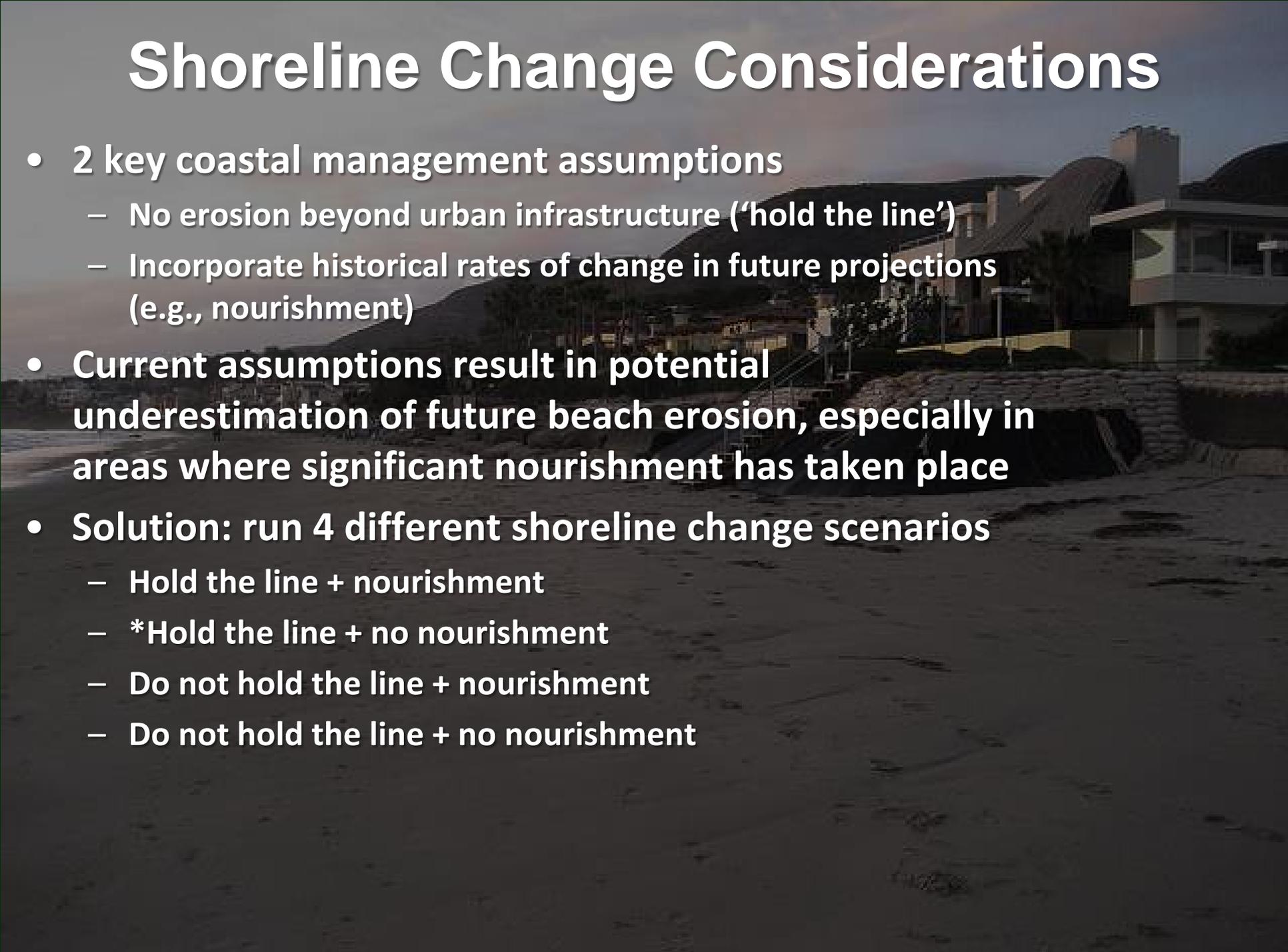
Simulation
output for a
single transect
at Del Mar
Beach:



Model has ~4800 transects with ~100 m grid spacing



Shoreline Change Considerations



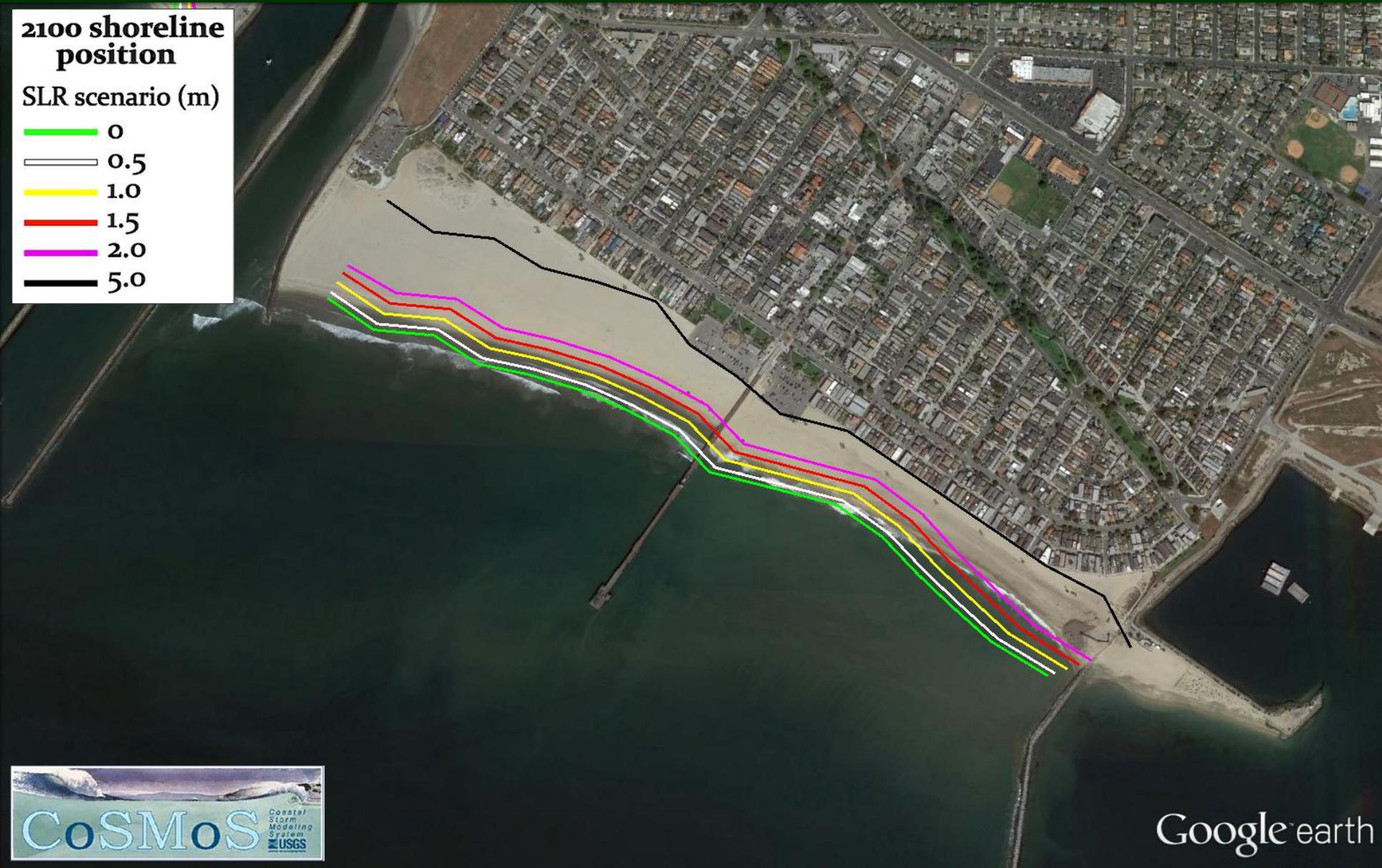
- 2 key coastal management assumptions
 - No erosion beyond urban infrastructure ('hold the line')
 - Incorporate historical rates of change in future projections (e.g., nourishment)
- Current assumptions result in potential underestimation of future beach erosion, especially in areas where significant nourishment has taken place
- Solution: run 4 different shoreline change scenarios
 - Hold the line + nourishment
 - *Hold the line + no nourishment
 - Do not hold the line + nourishment
 - Do not hold the line + no nourishment

Shoreline Projections – Seal Beach

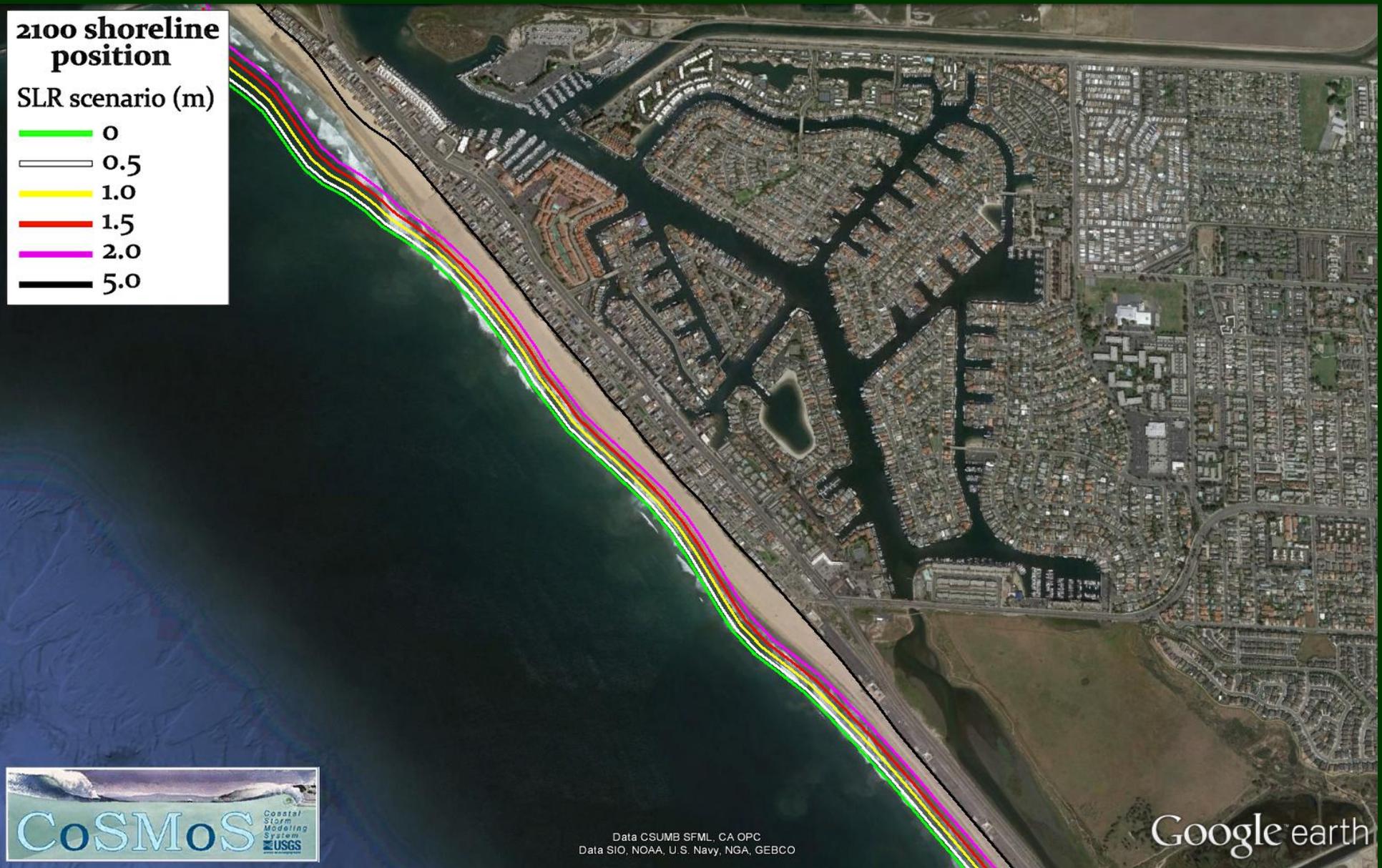
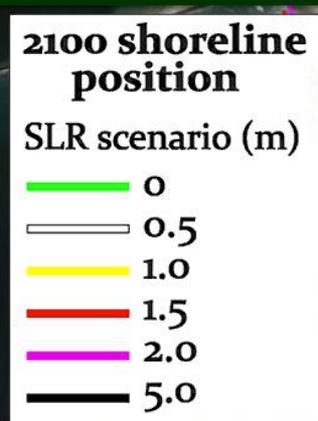
2100 shoreline position

SLR scenario (m)

- 0
- 0.5
- 1.0
- 1.5
- 2.0
- 5.0



Shoreline Projections – Sunset Beach



Data CSUMB SFML, CA OPC
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

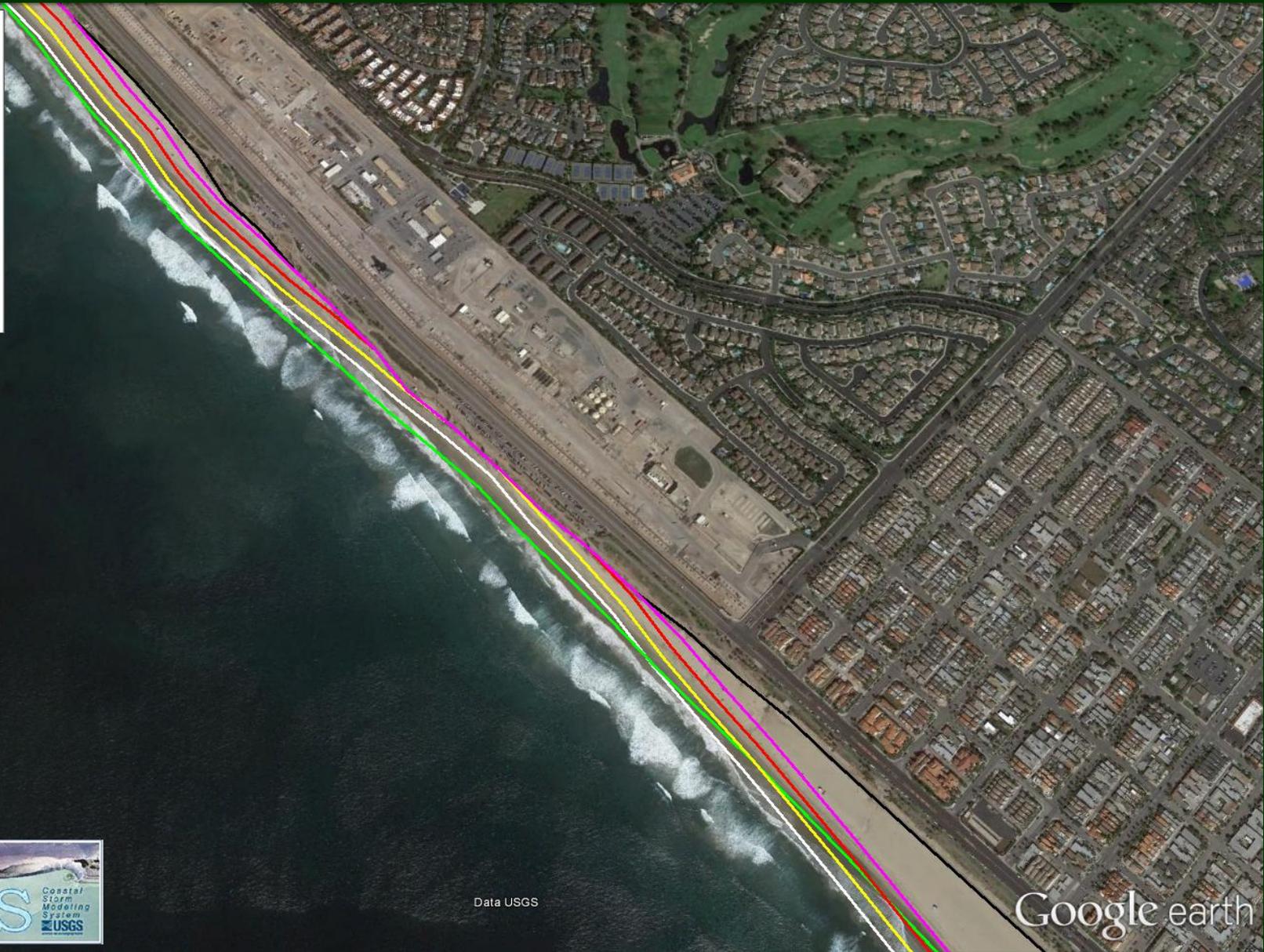
Google earth

Shoreline Projections – Bolsa Chica

2100 shoreline position

SLR scenario (m)

- 0
- 0.5
- 1.0
- 1.5
- 2.0
- 5.0



Data USGS

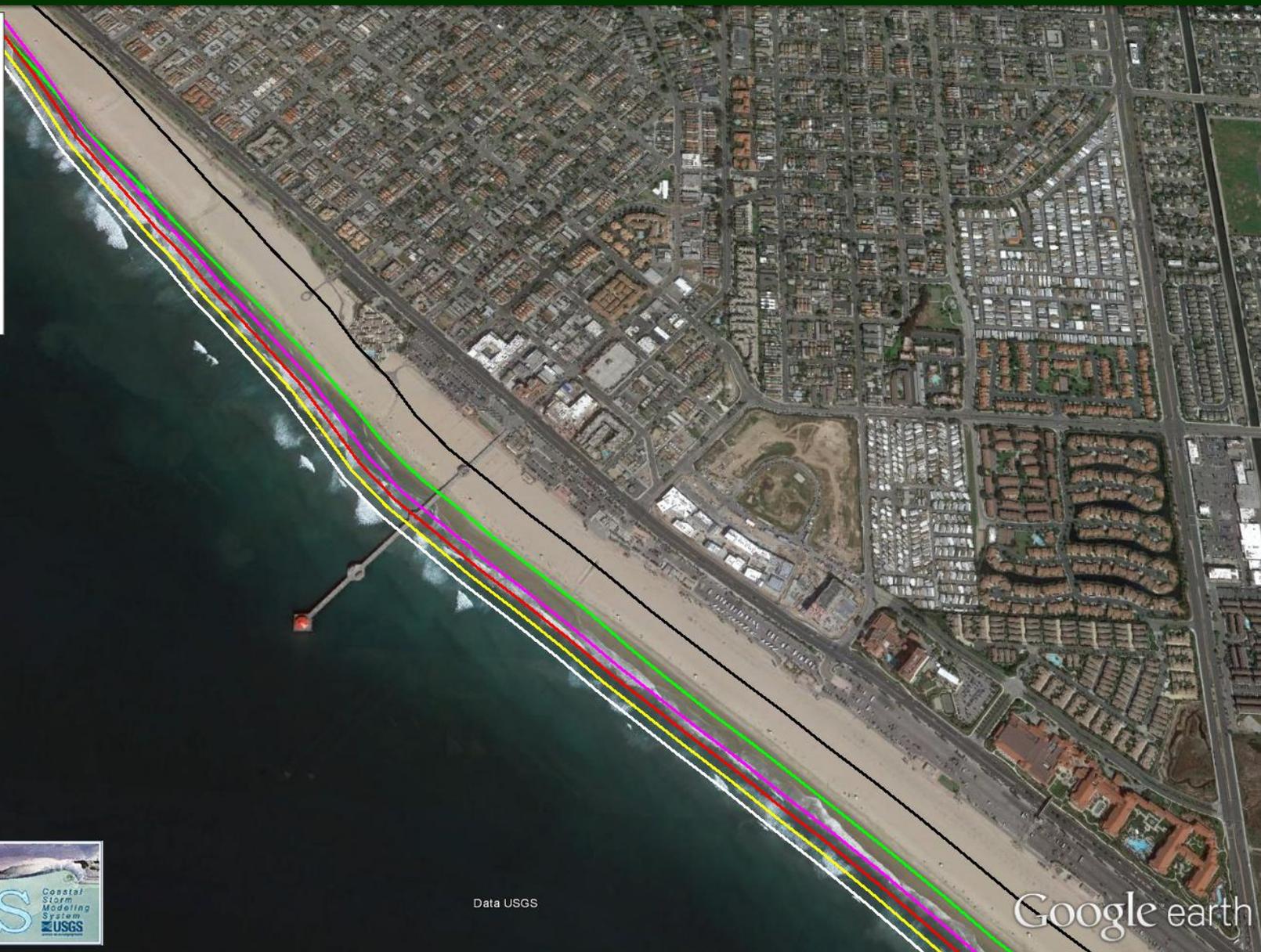
Google earth

Shoreline Projections – Huntington Beach

2100 shoreline position

SLR scenario (m)

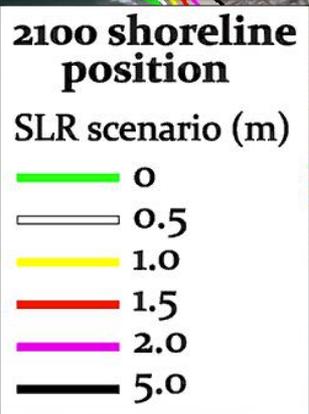
- 0
- 0.5
- 1.0
- 1.5
- 2.0
- 5.0



Data USGS

Google earth

Shoreline Projections – Newport Beach



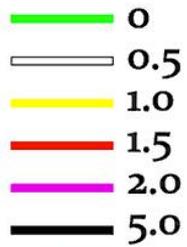
Data USGS

Google earth

Shoreline Projections – Laguna

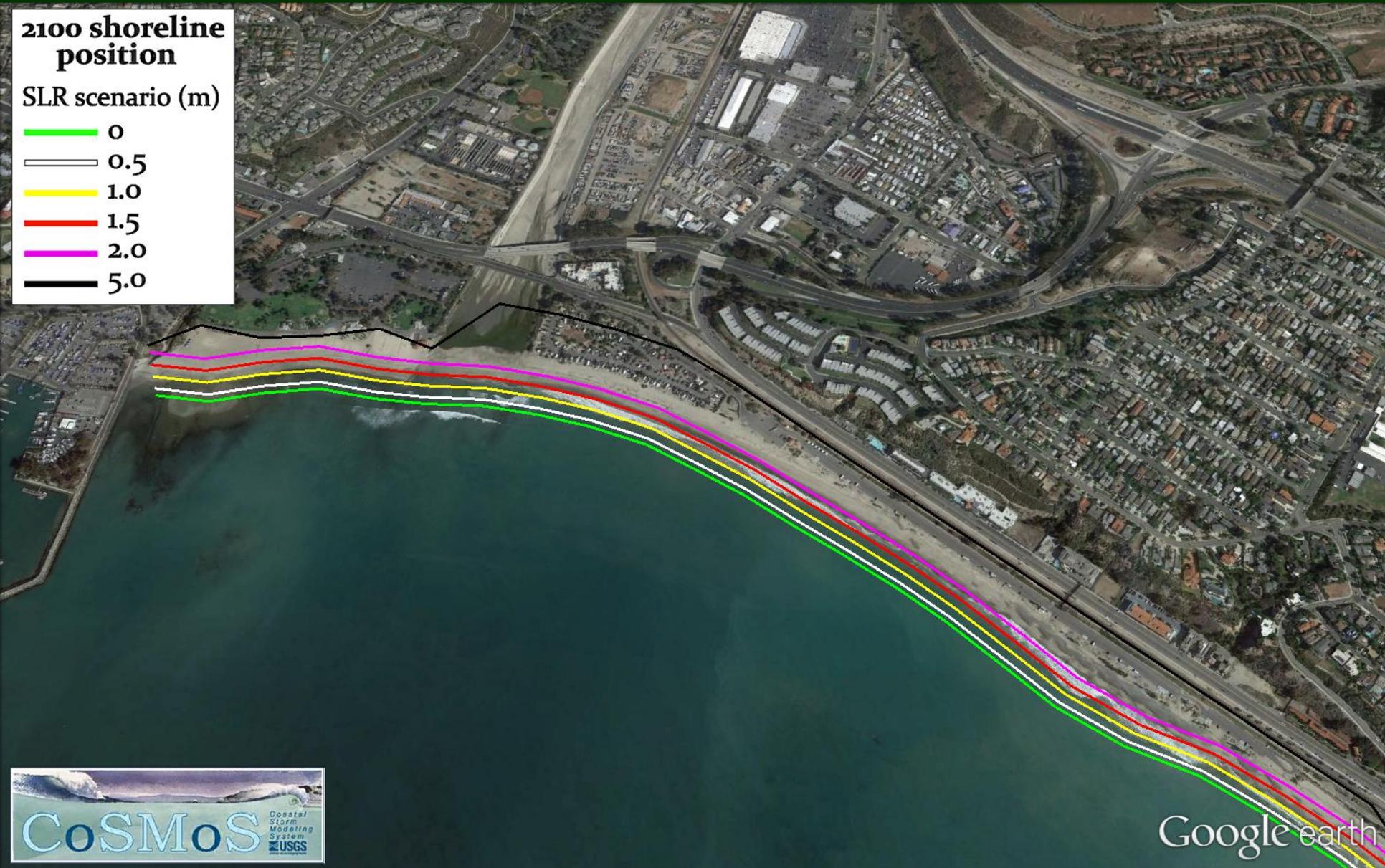
2100 shoreline
position

SLR scenario (m)



Google earth

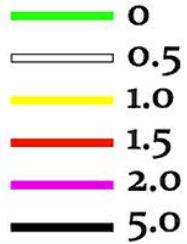
Shoreline Projections – Dana Point



Shoreline Projections – Capistrano Beach

2100 shoreline position

SLR scenario (m)

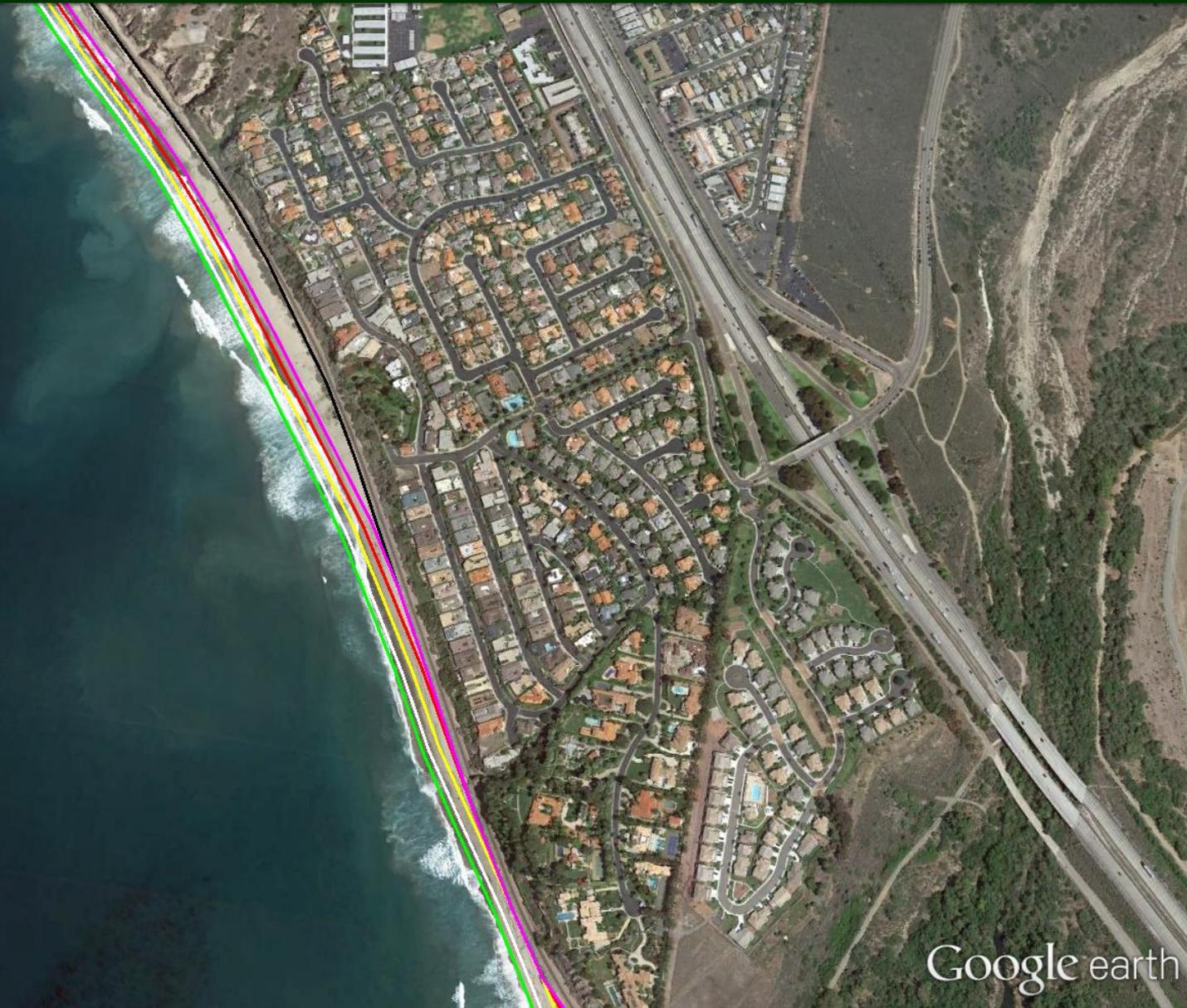


Shoreline Projections – San Clemente

2100 shoreline position

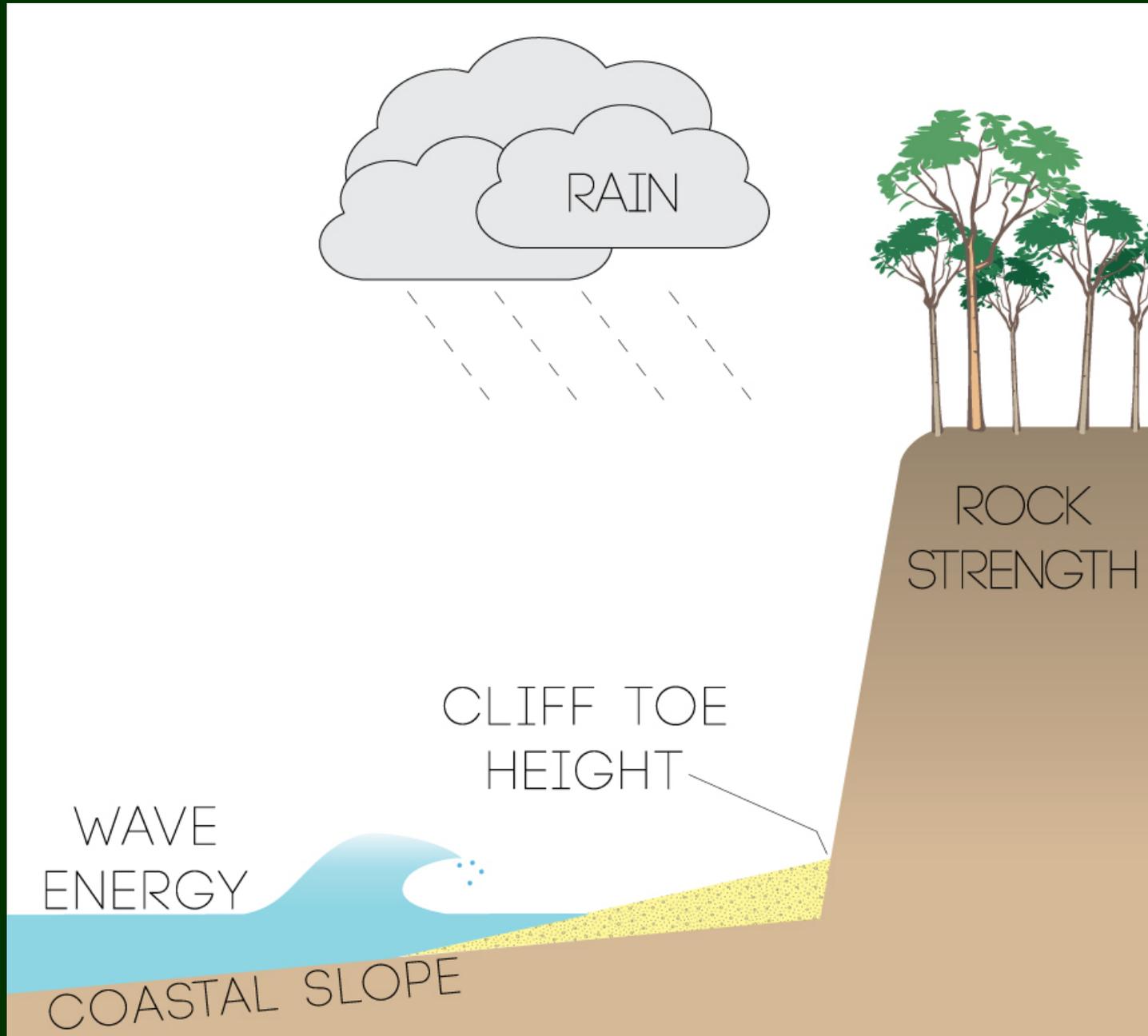
SLR scenario (m)

- 0
- 0.5
- 1.0
- 1.5
- 2.0
- 5.0

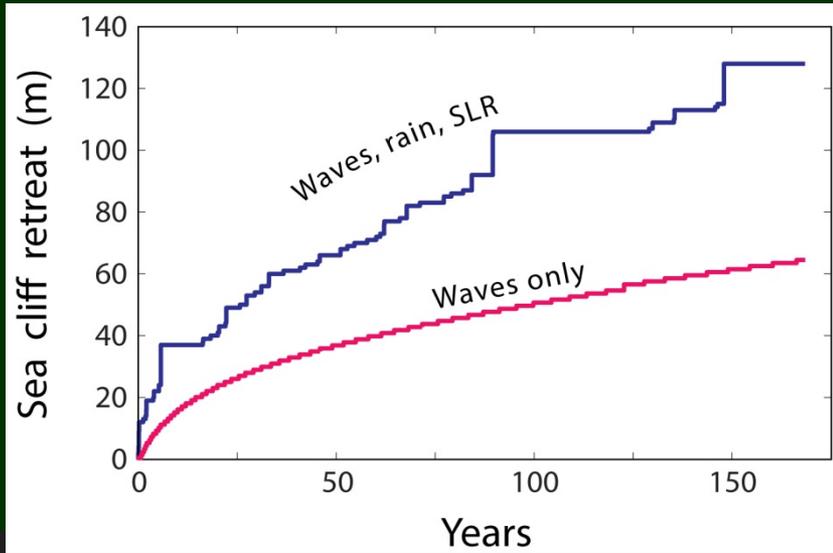


Google earth

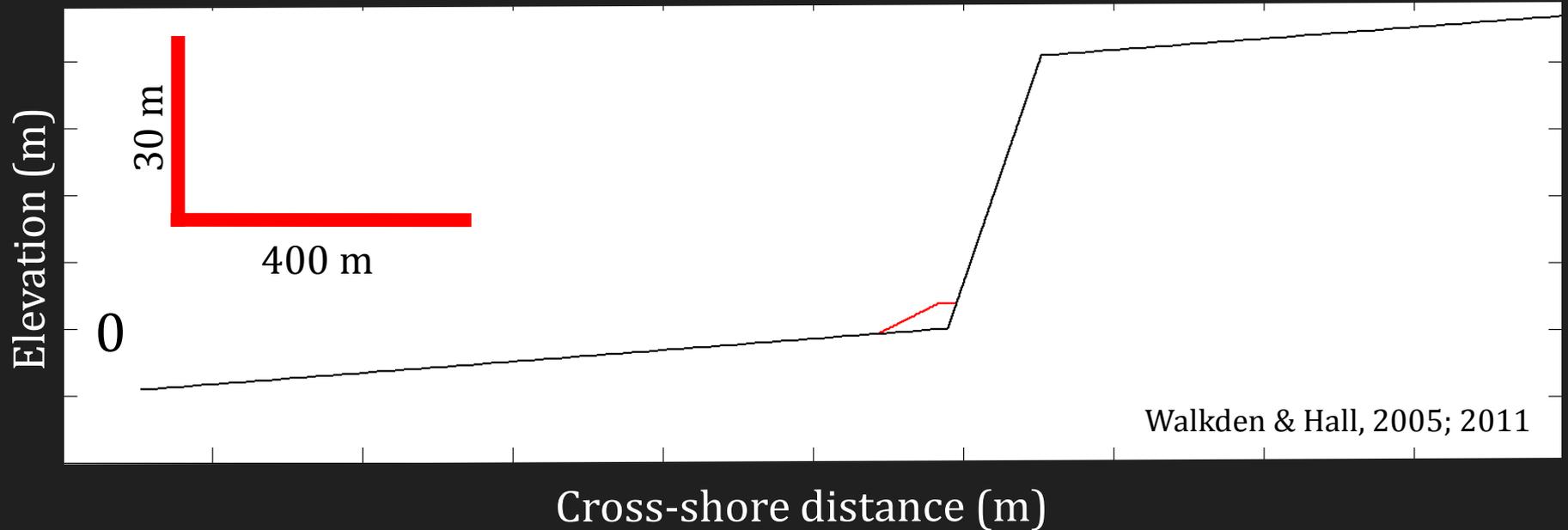
Factors Driving Sea Cliff Erosion & Retreat



Multi-decadal Models of Sea Cliff Erosion & Retreat



Rain, SLR cause more cliff retreat
(rain effects are in beta mode)

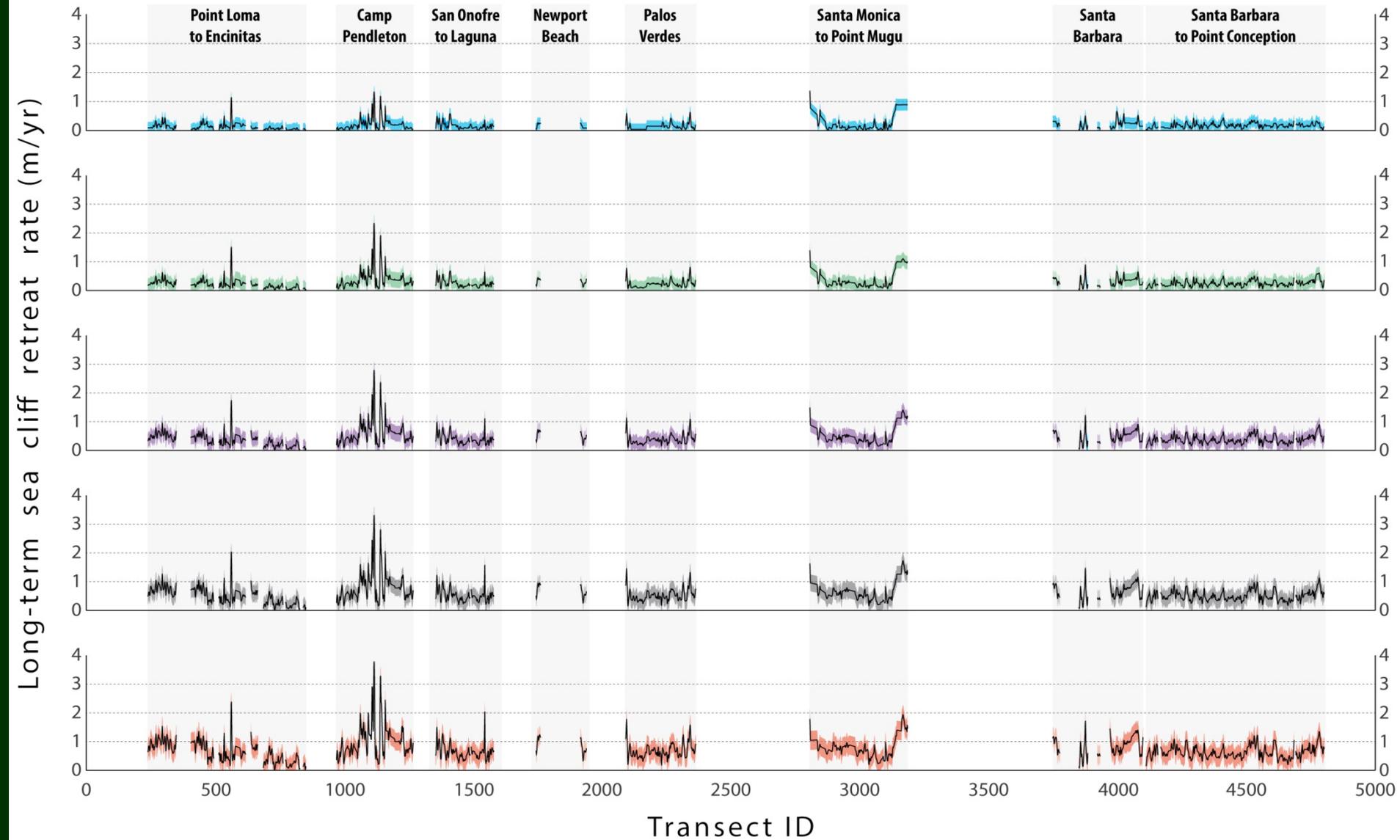


Results

sea level rise, mm/yr



uncertainty | projection



Cliff Retreat Projections – Huntington Beach

2100 cliff edge position
SLR scenario (m)

- 0.2
- 0.5
- 1.0
- 1.5
- 2.0

model transect



Google earth

Cliff Retreat Projections – Corona del Mar

2100 cliff edge position

SLR scenario (m)

0.2

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

model
transect



Google earth

Cliff Retreat Projections – Crystal Cove

2100 cliff edge position
SLR scenario (m)
0.2
0.5
1.0
1.5
2.0
model
transect



Data USGS

Google earth

Cliff Retreat Projections – Laguna

2100 cliff edge position

SLR scenario (m)

0.2

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

model
transect

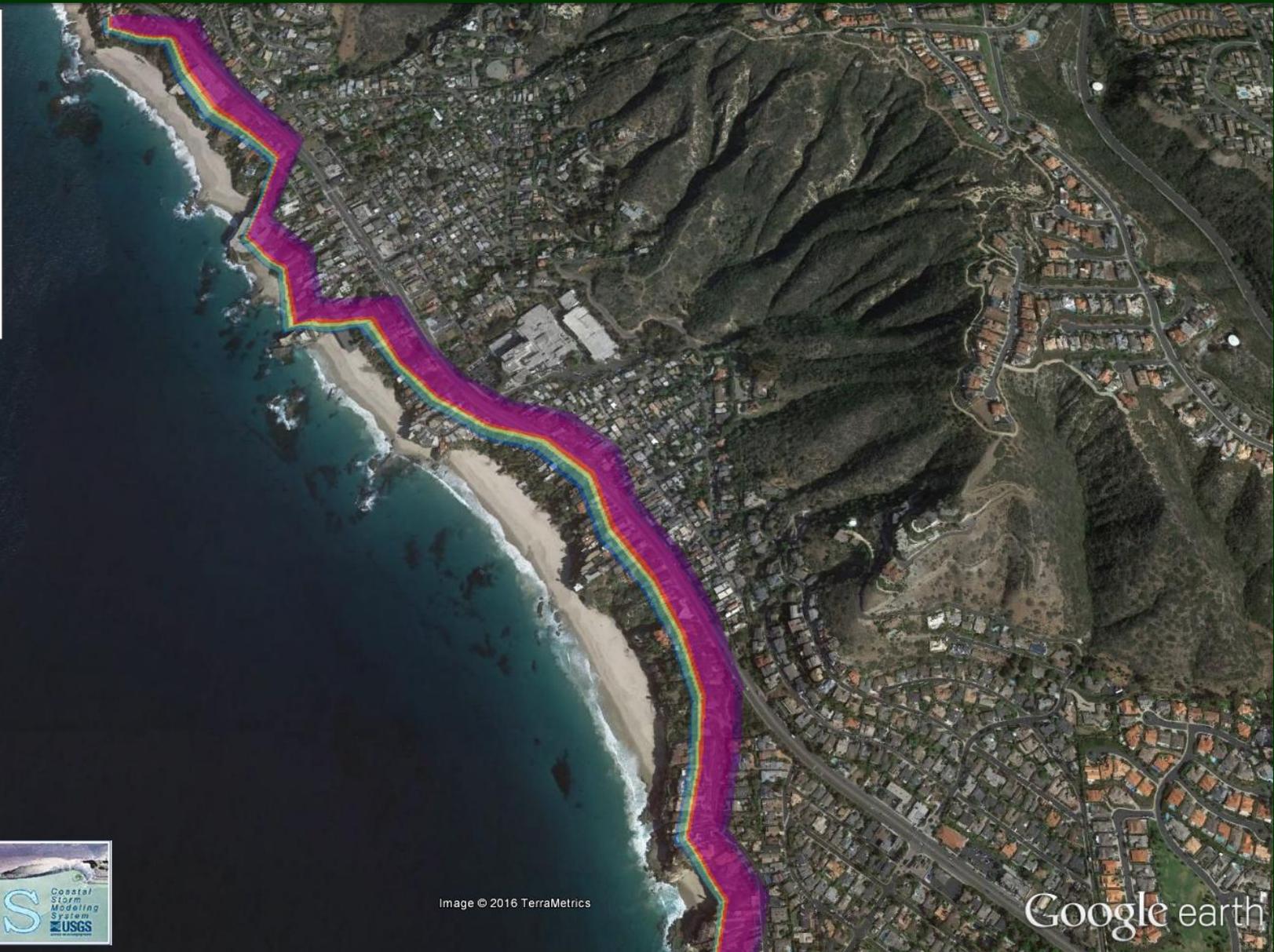


Image © 2016 TerraMetrics

Google earth

Cliff Retreat Projections – Dana Point

2100 cliff edge position

SLR scenario (m)

0.2

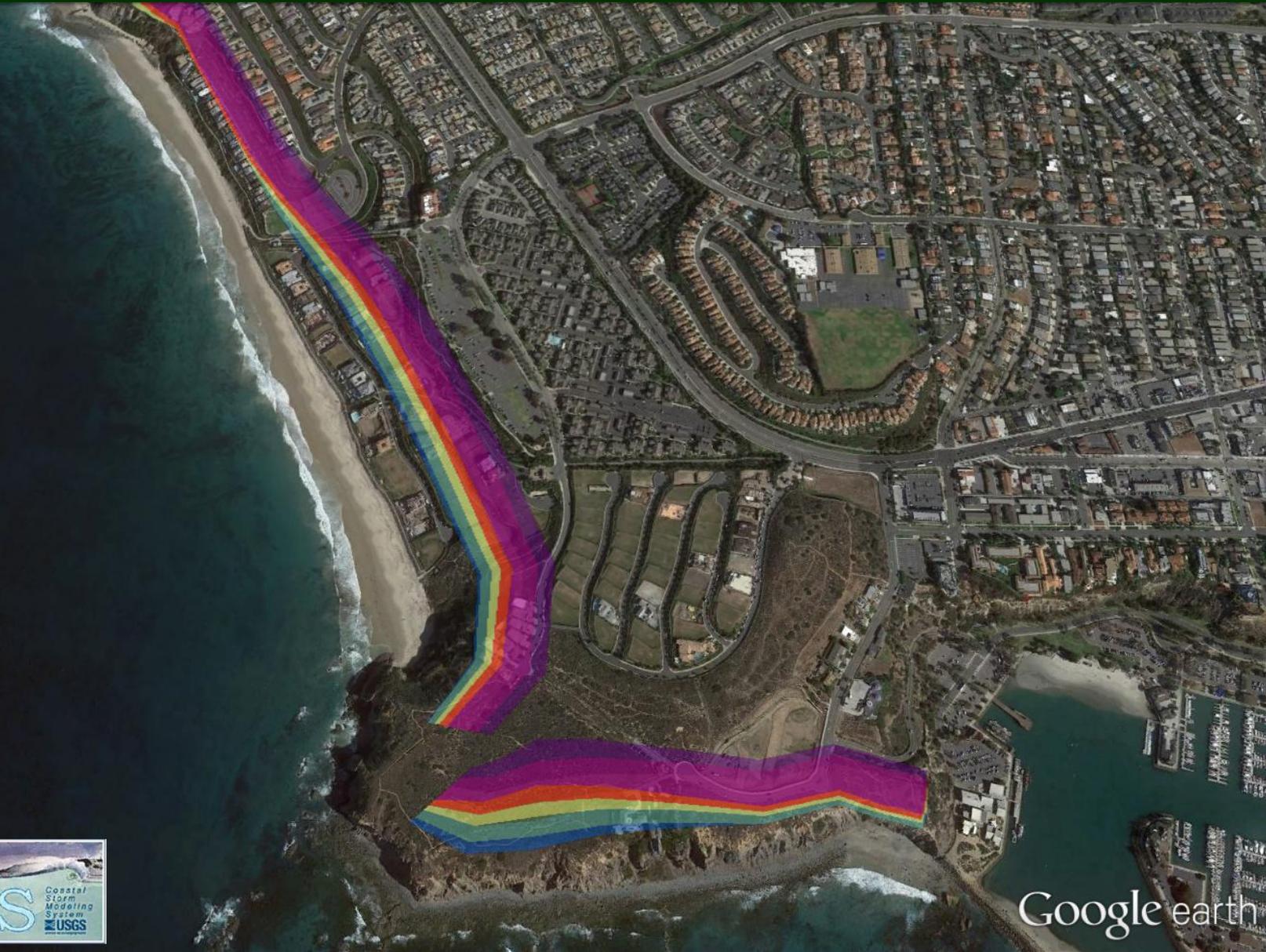
0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

model
transect



Google earth

Cliff Retreat Projections – N. San Clemente

2100 cliff edge position

SLR scenario (m)

0.2

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

model
transect



Google earth

Cliff Retreat Projections – S. San Clemente

2100 cliff edge
position

SLR scenario (m)

0.2

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

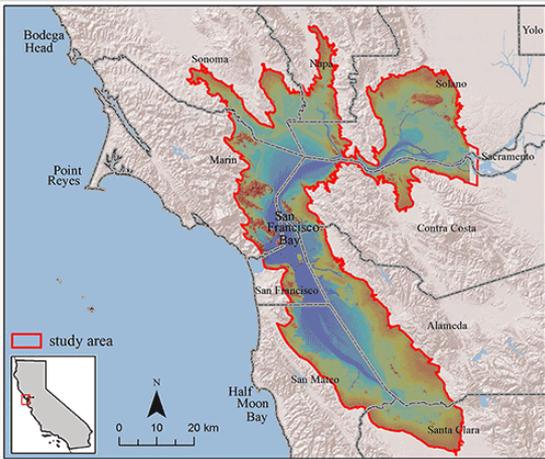
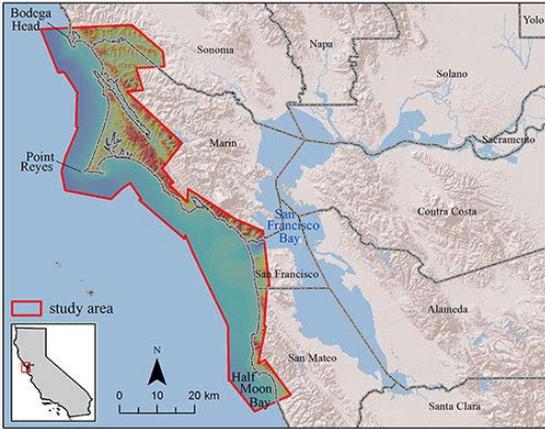
model
transect



Google earth

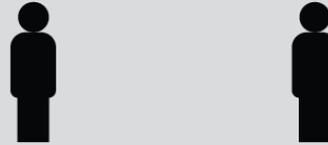
GIS-Based Exposure to Hazards

JURISDICTIONS



9 COUNTIES
56 INCORPORATED CITIES

ASSETS



RESIDENTS (w/ demographics)
EMPLOYEES (by sector)



BUSINESS SECTORS
PARCEL VALUES
BUILDING REPLACEMENT VALUE

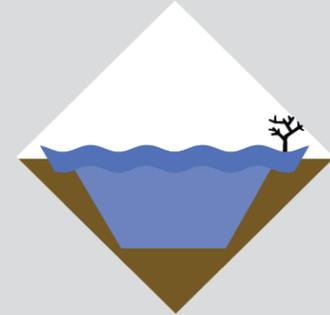


ROADS AND RAILWAYS



LANDCOVER

HAZARD



FLOODING EXTENT
based on:



**STORM
FREQUENCY**

None
Annual
20-year
100-year



**SEA LEVEL RISE
SCENARIOS**

0 cm	100 cm
25 cm	125 cm
50 cm	150 cm
75 cm	175 cm
	200 cm

What's Coming Summer 2016

- 40 scenarios of SLR + storms
- Long-term coastal evolution integrated into flood mapping
- Our Coast Our Future (OCOF) web tool
- Socioeconomic impacts and web tool
- Groundwater, hurricane impact pilots

*For more information, contact Patrick Barnard: pbarnard@usgs.gov

USGS CoSMoS data: http://walrus.wr.usgs.gov/coastal_processes/cosmos/socal3.0/index.html

Our Coast- Our Future tool: www.prbo.org/ocof

